



National Occupational Analysis

2010 Plumber

Occupational Analyses Series

Plumber

2010

Trades and Apprenticeship Division Division des métiers et de l'apprentissage

Workplace Partnerships Directorate Direction des partenariats en milieu de

travail

National Occupational Classification: 7251

Disponible en français sous le titre : Plombier/plombière

You can order this publication by contacting:

Publications Services
Human Resources and Skills Development Canada
140 Promenade du Portage
Phase IV, 12th Floor
Gatineau, Quebec
K1A 0J9

Online: www.red-seal.ca

This document is available on demand in alternative formats (Large Print, Braille, Audio Cassette, Audio CD, e-Text Diskette, e-Text CD, or DAISY), by contacting 1 800 O-Canada (1-800-622-6232). If you have a hearing or speech impairment and use a teletypewriter (TTY), call 1-800-926-9105.

© Her Majesty the Queen in Right of Canada, 2010

Paper

Cat. No.: HS42-1/18-2010E ISBN: 978-1-100-17224-8

PDF

Cat. No.: HS42-1/18-2010E-PDF

ISBN: 978-1-100-17225-5

FOREWORD

The Canadian Council of Directors of Apprenticeship (CCDA) recognizes this National Occupational Analysis (NOA) as the national standard for the occupation of Plumber.

Background

The first National Conference on Apprenticeship in Trades and Industries, held in Ottawa in 1952, recommended that the federal government be requested to cooperate with provincial and territorial apprenticeship committees and officials in preparing analyses of a number of skilled occupations. To this end, Human Resources and Skills Development Canada (HRSDC) sponsors a program, under the guidance of the CCDA, to develop a series of National Occupational Analyses (NOAs).

The NOAs have the following objectives:

- to describe and group the tasks performed by skilled workers;
- to identify which tasks are performed in every province and territory;
- to develop instruments for use in the preparation of Interprovincial Red Seal Examinations and curricula for training leading to the certification of skilled workers;
- to facilitate the mobility of apprentices and skilled workers in Canada; and,
- to supply employers, employees, associations, industries, training institutions and governments with analyses of occupations.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The CCDA and HRSDC wish to express sincere appreciation for the contribution of the many tradespersons, industrial establishments, professional associations, labour organizations, provincial and territorial government departments and agencies, and all others who contributed to this publication.

Special acknowledgement is extended by HRSDC and the CCDA to the following representatives from the trade.

Fred Batke Alberta

Donald Campbell Prince Edward Island Phil Dixon New Brunswick

Mark A. Gilmore United Association of Journeyman and Apprentices of the

Plumbing and Pipefitting Industry

Michael Gordon Ontario

Gerard Hall Newfoundland and Labrador

Coram Lalonde Manitoba
Darren Muise Nova Scotia
Ben Muylle British Columbia

Chris Penny United Association of Journeyman and Apprentices of the

Plumbing and Pipefitting Industry

Richard Pickering Saskatchewan

This analysis was prepared by the Workplace Partnerships Directorate of HRSDC. The coordinating, facilitating and processing of this analysis were undertaken by employees of the NOA development team of the Trades and Apprenticeship Division. Keith Crowell for the host jurisdiction of Alberta also participated in the development of this NOA.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FOREWORD			1
ACKNOWLED	GEMENTS		II
TABLE OF CON	NTENTS		III
LIST OF PUBLI	SHED NATION	IAL OCCUPATIONAL ANALYSES	VI
STRUCTURE O	F ANALYSIS		VIII
DEVELOPMEN	IT AND VALID	ATION OF ANALYSIS	X
		ANALYSIS	
SAFETY			3
SCOPE OF THE	E PLUMBER TR	ADE	4
OCCUPATION	AL OBSERVAT	IONS	6
ESSENTIAL SK	ILLS SUMMAR	Υ	7
BLOCK A	OCCUPAT	TIONAL SKILLS	
	Task 1	Performs safety-related functions.	9
	Task 2	Uses and maintains tools and equipment.	12
	Task 3	Organizes work.	15
	Task 4	Performs routine trade activities.	17
BLOCK B	PIPING PI	REPARATION AND ASSEMBLY	
	Task 5	Prepares pipe.	24
	Task 6	Joins tube, tubing, pipe and fittings.	27

BLOCK C	DRAINAGE, WASTE, VENTS AND SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEMS						
	Task 7	Installs sewers.	32				
	Task 8	Installs sewage treatment systems.	34				
	Task 9	Installs rough-in for interior drainage, waste and vent (DWV) systems.	36				
BLOCK D	WATER SE	ERVICE AND DISTRIBUTION					
	Task 10	Installs water services.	39				
	Task 11	Installs potable water distribution systems.	41				
	Task 12	Installs pressure systems.	44				
BLOCK E	FIXTURES	, APPLIANCES AND WATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS					
	Task 13	Installs plumbing fixtures and appliances.	47				
	Task 14	Installs water treatment systems.	50				
BLOCK F	LOW PRES	SURE STEAM AND HYDRONIC HEATING AND SYSTEMS					
	Task 15	Installs low pressure steam systems.	53				
	Task 16	Installs hydronic heating and cooling piping systems.	55				
	Task 17	Installs hydronic heating and cooling generating systems and equipment.	59				
	Task 18	Installs hydronic system controls and transfer units.	61				
BLOCK G	SPECIALIZ	ZED SYSTEMS					
	Task 19	Installs piping and equipment for specialized systems.	64				
	Task 20	Installs fire protection systems. (NOT COMMON CORE)	68				
	Task 21	Installs process piping systems.	71				

BLOCK H	MAINTEN	MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS					
	Task 22	Maintains systems and components.	73				
	Task 23	Troubleshoots systems and components.	75				
		APPENDICES					
APPENDIX A	TOOLS AN	ND EQUIPMENT	79				
APPENDIX B	GLOSSAR	Y	82				
APPENDIX C	ACRONYN	AS	86				
APPENDIX D	BLOCK AN	ND TASK WEIGHTING	87				
APPENDIX E	PIE CHAR	Γ	91				
APPENDIX F	TASK PRO	FILE CHART	92				

APPENDIX F TASK PROFILE CHART

LIST OF PUBLISHED NATIONAL OCCUPATIONAL ANALYSES (Red Seal Trades)

TITLE	NOC* Code
Agricultural Equipment Technician (2007)	7312
Appliance Service Technician (2005)	7332
Automotive Painter (2009)	7322
Automotive Service Technician (2009)	7321
Baker (2006)	6252
Boilermaker (2008)	7262
Bricklayer (2007)	7281
Cabinetmaker (2007)	7272
Carpenter (2010)	7271
Concrete Finisher (2006)	7282
Construction Craft Worker (2009)	7611
Construction Electrician (2008)	7241
Cook (2008)	6242
Electrical Rewind Mechanic (1999)	7333
Electronics Technician – Consumer Products (1997)	2242
Floorcovering Installer (2005)	7295
Glazier (2008)	7292
Hairstylist (2009)	6271
Heavy Duty Equipment Technician (2009)	7312
Industrial Electrician (2008)	7242
Industrial Mechanic (Millwright) (2009)	7311
Instrumentation and Control Technician (2010)	2243
Insulator (Heat and Frost) (2007)	7293
Ironworker (Generalist) (2010)	7264
Ironworker (Reinforcing) (2010)	7264
Ironworker (Structural/Ornamental) (2010)	7264
Landscape Horticulturist (2010)	2225
Lather (Interior Systems Mechanic) (2007)	7284

^{*}National Occupational Classification

TITLE	NOC* Code
Machinist (2010)	7231
Metal Fabricator (Fitter) (2008)	7263
Mobile Crane Operator (2009)	7371
Motorcycle Mechanic (2006)	7334
Motor Vehicle Body Repairer (Metal and Paint) (2010)	7322
Oil Burner Mechanic (2006)	7331
Painter and Decorator (2007)	7294
Partsperson (2010)	1472
Plumber (2010)	7251
Powerline Technician (2009)	7244
Recreation Vehicle Service Technician (2006)	7383
Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Mechanic (2009)	7313
Rig Technician (2008)	8232
Roofer (2006)	7291
Sheet Metal Worker (2010)	7261
Sprinkler System Installer (2009)	7252
Steamfitter — Pipefitter (2010)	7252
Tilesetter (2010)	7283
Tool and Die Maker (2010)	7232
Transport Trailer Technician (2008)	7321
Truck and Transport Mechanic (2010)	7321
Welder (2009)	7265

Requests for printed copies of National Occupational Analyses may be forwarded to:

Trades and Apprenticeship Division Workplace Partnership Directorate Human Resources and Skills Development Canada 140 Promenade du Portage, Phase IV, 5th Floor Gatineau, Quebec K1A 0J9

These publications can be ordered or downloaded online at: www.red-seal.ca. Links to Essential Skills Profiles for some of these trades are also available on this website.

STRUCTURE OF ANALYSIS

To facilitate understanding of the occupation, the work performed by tradespersons is divided into the following categories:

Blocks the largest division within the analysis that is comprised of a distinct

set of trade activities

Tasks distinct actions that describe the activities within a block

Sub-Tasks distinct actions that describe the activities within a task

Key Competencies activities that a person should be able to do in order to be called

'competent' in the trade

The analysis also provides the following information:

Trends changes identified that impact or will impact the trade including work

practices, technological advances, and new materials and equipment

Related a list of products, items, materials and other elements relevant to the

Components block

Tools and categories of tools and equipment used to perform all tasks in the

Equipment block; these tools and equipment are listed in Appendix A

Context information to clarify the intent and meaning of tasks

Required the elements of knowledge that an individual must acquire to

Knowledge adequately perform a task

The appendices located at the end of the analysis are described as follows:

Appendix A — Tools and Equipment	a non-exhaustive list of tools and equipment used in this trade
Appendix B — Glossary	definitions or explanations of selected technical terms used in the analysis
Appendix C — Acronyms	a list of acronyms used in the analysis with their full name
Appendix D — Block and Task Weighting	the block and task percentages submitted by each jurisdiction, and the national averages of these percentages; these national averages determine the number of questions for each block and task in the Interprovincial exam
Appendix E — Pie Chart	a graph which depicts the national percentages of exam questions assigned to blocks
Appendix F — Task Profile Chart	a chart which outlines graphically the blocks, tasks and sub-tasks of this analysis

DEVELOPMENT AND VALIDATION OF ANALYSIS

Development of Analysis

A draft analysis is developed by a committee of industry experts in the field led by a team of facilitators from HRSDC. This draft analysis breaks down all the tasks performed in the occupation and describes the knowledge and abilities required for a tradesperson to demonstrate competence in the trade.

Draft Review

The NOA development team then forwards a copy of the analysis and its translation to provincial and territorial authorities for a review of its content and structure. Their recommendations are assessed and incorporated into the analysis.

Validation and Weighting

The analysis is sent to all provinces and territories for validation and weighting. Participating jurisdictions consult with industry to validate and weight the document, examining the blocks, tasks and sub-tasks of the analysis as follows:

BLOCKS Each jurisdiction assigns a percentage of questions to each block for a	an
---	----

examination that would cover the entire trade.

TASKS Each jurisdiction assigns a percentage of exam questions to each task within a

block.

SUB-TASKS Each jurisdiction indicates, with a YES or a NO, whether or not each sub-task

is performed by skilled workers within the occupation in its jurisdiction.

The results of this exercise are submitted to the NOA development team who then analyzes the data and incorporates it into the document. The NOA provides the individual jurisdictional validation results as well as the national averages of all responses. The national averages for block and task weighting guide the Interprovincial Red Seal Examination plan for the trade.

This method for the validation of the NOA also identifies common core sub-tasks across Canada for the occupation. If at least 70% of the responding jurisdictions perform a sub-task, it shall be considered common core. Interprovincial Red Seal Examinations are based on the common core sub-tasks identified through this validation process.

Definitions for Validation and Weighting

YES sub-task performed by qualified workers in the occupation in a specific

jurisdiction

NO sub-task not performed by qualified workers in the occupation in a

specific jurisdiction

NV analysis Not Validated by a province/territory

ND trade Not Designated in a province/territory

NOT sub-task, task or block performed by less than 70% of responding COMMON jurisdictions; these will not be tested by the Interprovincial Red Seal

CORE (NCC) Examination for the trade

NATIONAL average percentage of questions assigned to each block and task in

AVERAGE % Interprovincial Red Seal Examination for the trade

Provincial/Territorial Abbreviations

NL Newfoundland and Labrador

NS Nova Scotia

PE Prince Edward Island
NB New Brunswick

QC Quebec
ON Ontario
MB Manitoba
SK Saskatchewan

AB Alberta

BC British ColumbiaNT Northwest TerritoriesYT Yukon Territory

NU Nunavut



SAFETY

Safe working procedures and conditions, accident prevention, and the preservation of health are of primary importance to industry in Canada. These responsibilities are shared and require the joint efforts of government, employers and employees. It is imperative that all parties are aware of circumstances and conditions that may lead to injury or harm. Safe learning experiences and work environments can be created by controlling the variables and behaviours that may contribute to accidents or injury.

It is generally recognized that safety-conscious attitudes and work practices contribute to a healthy, safe and accident-free work environment.

It is imperative to apply and be familiar with the Occupational Health and Safety (OH&S) Acts and Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) Regulations. As well, it is essential to determine workplace hazards and take measures to protect oneself, co-workers, the public and the environment.

Safety education is an integral part of training in all jurisdictions. As safety is an imperative part of all trades, it is assumed and therefore it is not included as a qualifier of any activities. However, the technical safety tasks and sub-tasks specific to the trade are included throughout this analysis.

SCOPE OF THE PLUMBER TRADE

"Plumber" is this trade's official Red Seal occupational title approved by the CCDA. This analysis covers tasks performed by plumbers whose occupational title has been identified by some provinces and territories of Canada under the following names:

	NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	YT	NU
Pipefitter – Plumber Specialty					✓								
Plumber	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Plumbers install, repair and maintain plumbing fixtures and systems such as water, hydronic, drain, waste and vent (DWV), low pressure steam, residential fire, chemical, and irrigation. They also install specialized systems such as medical gas, process piping, compressed air, water conditioners, fuel piping, sewage and water treatment, and storage and flow equipment. Plumbers interpret drawings, refer to layouts of existing services, and review applicable codes and specifications to determine work details and procedures. They locate and mark positions for fixtures, pipe connections and sleeves, and cut openings to accommodate pipe and fittings.

Plumbers may be employed by plumbing/mechanical contractors, service companies, and maintenance departments of manufacturing, commercial, health care and educational facilities. They may also be self-employed. Plumbers install piping and equipment in residential, commercial, institutional and industrial buildings and sites.

Plumbers use a variety of tools and equipment, such as power tools, welding and soldering/brazing equipment, and hoisting and lifting equipment to perform the tasks in their trade. To perform some tasks or use some equipment, specific certification may be required. Plumbers work with a variety of piping materials such as copper, steel, plastic, glass, cast iron, cement, fibreglass and specialty materials. Before assembling and fitting pipe sections, tubing and fittings, the pipes must be measured, cut and bent as required. Joining pipe may be done by various means, such as threading, using mechanical joints, welding, soldering/brazing and using fastening materials and compounds. Plumbers test and commission systems to ensure proper operation. They perform scheduled, unscheduled and emergency maintenance and repair.

Safety awareness is essential for plumbers. They may work indoors or outdoors and working conditions vary from one job to another. The work of plumbers can be physically demanding. Plumbers often need to lift and carry heavy materials and equipment. While performing their duties, plumbers are also required to do considerable standing, climbing and kneeling. They may work at heights and in confined spaces. Special precautions may have to be taken when working with fluids, gases, steam and hazardous elements. Plumbers need to assess the systems and the environment they have to work in to identify possible dangers.

Key attributes for people entering this trade are good mechanical, mathematical and spatial visualization skills. Plumbers also need good communication skills to communicate with co-workers and clients. Analytical/problem solving skills are required to interpret building plans, inspect piping systems and diagnose system faults and/or malfunctions.

This analysis recognizes some similarities or overlaps with the work of gas fitters, steamfitters/pipefitters, refrigeration and air conditioning mechanics and sprinkler system installers.

With experience, plumbers act as mentors and trainers to apprentices in the trade. They may also move into other positions such as instructors, inspectors, estimators and project managers.

OCCUPATIONAL OBSERVATIONS

With advances in plumbing and heating systems, plumbers are increasingly required to upgrade their skills to stay current or specialize in certain aspects of the trade. Updates to the National Plumbing Code (NPC) are resulting in an increased emphasis on health and safety, environmental protection, and reliable and efficient piping systems.

New approaches are being used to install more sophisticated systems and fixtures, such as low consumption fixtures and high efficiency boilers. Technological advances are influencing the design for water supply, DWV, gas fitting and hydronic heating/cooling. New technologies are also affecting gas and water piping and increasing the use of integrated plumbing systems in home construction. Computers are now being used as a more common source for resource information, communication and cost reporting. They are also used as a tool for design, layout, research, system diagnosis and estimating.

Some of the tools that have become more commonly used are embedment scanners, cameras, global positioning systems (GPS) and scopes. Fusion welding is becoming more prevalent in gas lines, and geothermal, sewage, water distribution and hydronic systems.

Industry is becoming more conscious of energy usage and efficiency of equipment and systems resulting in the introduction of programs such as Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) and Enerstar strive for lowered energy consumption. Plumbers must now be more aware of the impact the trade has on the environment, the emerging requirements of these programs and the specific site requirements that are critical to the projects. Many buildings are being built to environmental standards that require specialized products and systems. This may include concepts such as the capture of runoff water and absence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in materials and products.

ESSENTIAL SKILLS SUMMARY

Essential skills are needed for work, learning and life. They provide the foundation for learning all other skills and enable people to evolve with their jobs and adapt to workplace change.

Through extensive research, the Government of Canada and other national and international agencies have identified and validated nine essential skills. These skills are used in nearly every occupation and throughout daily life in different ways.

The essential skills profile for the plumber trade indicates that the most important essential skills are **document use**, **oral communication** and **problem solving**.

The application of these skills may be described throughout this document within the competency statements which support each sub-task of the trade. The following are summaries of the requirements in each of the essential skills, taken from the essential skills profile. A link to the complete essential skills profile can be found at www.red-seal.ca.

Reading

Plumbers require strong reading skills to consult installation procedures, reference manuals, Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), the NPC and industry standards and safety requirements when installing, repairing and maintaining plumbing fixtures and systems. They also refer to project specifications and work orders when planning a job.

Document Use

Document use is important in the work of plumbers. Plumbers interpret diagrams in the NPC to ensure compliance with regulatory standards. They interpret schematics and working drawings when planning the installation of piping systems. Plumbers read assembly drawings to install fixtures and appliances. They prepare sketches and drawings to plan a job.

Writing

Writing skills are used by plumbers to perform tasks such as writing lists of materials required for a job, completing order forms to request materials, and keeping daily logs to track work status and reminders. When required, they must write incident or accident reports.

Oral Communication

Plumbers require good oral communication skills to interact with colleagues, apprentices, supervisors, suppliers, clients and other tradespersons when co-ordinating work, resolving problems and ensuring safety.

Numeracy

Plumbers work in both imperial and metric systems of measurement. They locate and mark positions for pipe connections. They perform a variety of calculations such as offsets, drain line fall, hydraulic load, and temperature and pressure calculations depending on the type of piping system being installed. Plumbers estimate materials and supplies needed to complete a project. They may estimate labour requirements and prepare quotations and invoices.

Thinking Skills

Plumbers diagnose and solve problems identified by clients. They decide on work priorities and plan and organize their work accordingly. Plumbers may determine the most cost effective way to use materials and supplies when installing plumbing and heating systems.

Working with Others

During the course of a work day, plumbers must interact with others such as co-workers, suppliers, clients and other trades.

Computer Use

Plumbers use computers as a more common source for resource information, communication and cost reporting. They are also used as a tool for design, layout, research, system diagnosis and estimating.

Continuous Learning

Changes to the NPC periodically modify procedures and methods for the design and installation of piping systems. Advances in technology are also changing the design, applications and materials of systems. There is an increased emphasis on worker health and safety. All theses changes mean that related training and certification is often mandatory for both apprentices and journeypersons.

BLOCK A

OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS

Trends

GPS has been used for layout, surveying and planning. Safety and third party certification has become increasingly important and monitored. Upcoming technologies such as Building Information Modelling (BIM)

provide a virtual model to be used with layout.

Specialized tools such as plastic fusion welders and press pipe applicators are becoming more common because of new materials and

equipment.

Related Components

All components apply.

Tools and **Equipment**

See Appendix A.

Task 1 Performs safety-related functions.

Context

Plumbers are responsible for ensuring the safety of themselves and others in the work environment. They should be able to follow company, local and other jurisdictional requirements.

It is critical that plumbers be constantly aware of their surroundings and the hazards that they may encounter.

Required Knowledge

K 1	safety training and requirements for hazards such as fall protection and confined space
K 2	workplace hazards such as live electrical power, open trenches and toxic atmosphere
K 3	workplace hazard assessment procedures
K 4	types of safety equipment such as first aid kits, eye wash kits and fire extinguishers
K 5	types and uses of personal protective equipment (PPE) and their components
K 6	manufacturers' recommended uses, limitations and maintenance of PPE
K 7	locations of PPE and safety equipment

K 8	jurisdictional safety and health regulations and policies such as WHMIS, transportation of dangerous goods (TDG) and company safety policies
K 9	lock-out and tag-out procedures
K 10	emergency contact information such as addresses for hospitals, public utilities, and environmental and health authorities
K 11	emergency procedures such as muster points and evacuation procedures
K 12	hot work permits and fire watch requirements

Sub-task	<
----------	---

A-1.01 Maintains safe work environment.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	NV									

Key Competencies

A-1.01.01	maintain good housekeeping on an ongoing basis to ensure safety and efficiency of the work site
A-1.01.02	access and use WHMIS information when handling hazardous materials and addressing hazardous conditions
A-1.01.03	transport dangerous goods such as high pressure cylinders and chemicals according to Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ)
A-1.01.04	use powder-actuated tools within operating limitations according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements
A-1.01.05	participate in safety meetings and discussions to ensure that information is recorded and distributed as required
A-1.01.06	report injuries according to AHJ, using appropriate forms and ensuring that documentation is in place
A-1.01.07	use safety equipment such as barriers, signage and caution tape to alert all persons on site to potential hazards
A-1.01.08	recognize and report potential hazards such as hot work, confined space and working at heights, and use procedures to reduce hazards
A-1.01.09	follow confined space procedures according to AHJ and site requirements

Sub-ta	ask												
A-1.02	2	Use	es pers	onal pi	otectiv	e equi	pment	(PPE) a	and saf	ety equ	uipmer	ıt.	
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	ves yes yes yes yes yes NV NV NV										
Key Competencies													
A-1.02	A-1.02.01 select and wear PPE such as safety boots, hard hats and eye protection according to AHJ and site requirements												
A-1.02	select and use specialized PPE such as air monitors and respiratory equipment according to AHJ and site requirements												
A-1.02	.03	locate and use safety equipment such as fire extinguishers, air horns and first aid kits											
A-1.02.04 recognize, tag and dispose of worn, damaged and defective PPE and safety equipment									fety				
A-1.02	.05	stor	e PPE a	nd safet	ty equip	ment ir	n propei	r manne	er and lo	ocation			
Sub-ta	ask												
A-1.0 3	3	Ha	ndles h	azardo	ous ma	terials.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
A-1.03	.01		gnize p plumbir		•				•		cally use	ed in	
A-1.03	.02		transpo lations			-		dous m	aterials	accordi	ng to		
A-1.03	.03	com	plete do	ocumen	tation a	s requir	ed by A	AHJ and	site rec	quireme	ents		
A-1.03.04 contain, report and document spills as required by AHJ and site required									require	ements			

Sub-task

A-1.04 Performs lock-out and tag-out procedu	ıres.
--	-------

1	<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>]	<u>NB</u>	QC (<u>NC</u>	MB	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
y	yes :	yes :	yes y	yes]	yes :	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

Key Competencies

A-1.04.01	identify components that may require lock-out and tag-out such as valves, pumps and motors
A-1.04.02	coordinate shut down of equipment and components in proper sequence to protect personnel from injury and equipment from damage
A-1.04.03	coordinate lock-out and tag-out with other trades, maintenance personnel and users to avoid consequences such as injuries to personnel and damage to equipment
A-1.04.04	label lock-outs and tag-outs according to site requirements
A-1.04.05	apply and test individual lock-outs and tag-outs to ensure that system cannot be accidentally restarted according to AHJ, and company and site requirements
A-1.04.06	remove lock-outs and tag-outs upon completion of task and once safe operation of system can be ensured according to AHJ, and company and site requirements
A-1.04.07	install components such as blind flanges and spades as required to prevent injury to personnel

Task 2 Uses and maintains tools and equipment.

Context

Tools and equipment must be used, maintained and stored in a safe manner to enable the plumber to complete all tasks of the plumbing trade.

Plumbers should be aware that the requirements for the maintenance and operation of tools and equipment can vary.

Required Knowledge

K 1	types and uses of tools such as hand, air, power, powder-actuated tools, and cutting and welding equipment
K 2	operating procedures for tools and equipment
K 3	training and certification requirements to perform activities such as rigging and hoisting, and operating equipment

K 4	types and uses of access equipment such as scaffolds, ladders and power-elevated work platforms
K 5	manufacturers' recommended uses, limitations and maintenance of tools and equipment
K 6	rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment components such as chain falls, come-alongs, slings, shackles, spreader bars, softeners and cables
K 7	knots
K 8	tool and equipment safety
K 9	operating procedures and hand signals for hoisting and lifting equipment
K 10	components of tools and equipment
K 11	rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment safety
K 12	company, site and AHJ requirements

Sub-t	ask											
A-2.0	1	Ma	intains	s tools	and eq	uipme	nt.					
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	NV									

Key Competencies

A-2.01.01	sharpen hand tools such as chisels and drill bits
A-2.01.02	lubricate tools such as pipe cutters, snips and pliers
A-2.01.03	inspect tools for unsafe conditions such as missing parts, defective guards and frayed cords
A-2.01.04	recognise and report worn, damaged and defective tools and equipment
A-2.01.05	repair and replace broken parts
A-2.01.06	adjust and/or calibrate tools such as threaders and groovers
A-2.01.07	store tools and equipment in a clean and dry location to ensure they are in operating condition
A-2.01.08	store powder-actuated tools, shots and pins in a safe manner to avoid misuse and accidental discharge
A-2.01.09	dispose of defective shots to prevent accidental discharge
A-2.01.10	inspect, clean and store equipment such as hoses, regulators, bottles and gauges on a regular basis to detect defects such as leaks, cuts in hoses and damage to gauges
A-2.01.11	clean and inspect tools according to specifications

Sub-t	ask											
A-2.02	2	Use	es acce	ss equi	pment	•						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	Key Competencies											
A-2.02	.01	on select ladders and work platforms taking into consideration length, height site conditions and task being performed										ght,
A-2.02	-2.02.02 assemble and erect scaffolding and extension ladders according to operatin procedures, AHJ and site requirements										ating	
A-2.02	.03	recognize unsafe and defective equipment by identifying tags or by performing a visual inspection										
A-2.02	04	use	inspect and maintain ladders and work platforms prior to, during and after use with methods such as visual inspection, performing walk-around and cleaning platforms									
A-2.02	A-2.02.05 use equipment within operating limitations as indicated on manufacturers' tags and according to AHJ and site requirements										ers'	
A-2.02	.06	restrict access to scaffolding and ladders according to AHJ and site requirements										
Sub-t	ask											
A-2.03		Use	es riggi	ing, ho	isting a	and lift	ing eq	uipme	nt.			
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	ΛR	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	<u>AB</u> yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	encies										
A-2.03	_	sele	ct equip ance to		or task o elled	conside	ring fact	tors suc	h as we	ight, loa	ıds and	
A-2.03	.02	_	nage and	-	such as	_		_				rom
A-2.03	.03	ider	ntify haz	zards su	ich as p	ower lir	nes, exc	avations	s and ex	cessive	loads	
A-2.03	.04	0		C	; load ta ent dam			00	O 1			i
A-2.03	.05	atta	ch and 1	use tag	lines to	guide a	nd posi	tion loa	ds			

A-2.03.06	use knots and lashes to secure loads and tag lines
A-2.03.07	use hand signals or two-way radios to communicate with equipment operators
A-2.03.08	store equipment in clean and dry conditions, and according to specifications

_	
Task 3	Organizes work.
Context	Organization of the work directly affects job performance and impacts the schedule. A plumber must be able to organize project tasks and materials to complete the project in a safe and timely manner.
Required Know	ledge
K 1	types of documentation such as plumbing codes, and manufacturers', engineering and architectural specifications
I/ 0	types of drawings such as structural architectural mechanical electrical

types of drawings such as structural, architectural, mechanical, electrical, K 2 isometric, orthographic, oblique and shop drawings K 3 AHJ and site requirements site-specific documents such as change orders, site instructions and revisions K 4 K 5 metric and imperial measurements K 6 trade terminology K 7 communication equipment K8 job requirements and sequencing K 9 material availability K 10 assigned work work performed by other tradespersons K 11 K 12 company safety policies and guidelines K 13 tool box meetings and company safety bulletins

WHMIS information such as labels and MSDS

K 14

Sub-ta	ask												
A-3.01	L	Org	ganizes	proje	ct tasks	and p	rocedu	res.					
<u>NL</u> yes	<u>NS</u> yes	<u>PE</u> yes	<u>NB</u> yes	<u>QC</u> yes	<u>ON</u> yes	MB yes	<u>SK</u> yes	<u>AB</u> yes	BC yes	<u>NT</u> NV	<u>YT</u> NV	<u>NU</u> NV	
Key Competencies													
A-3.01.01 obtain all required job permits													
A-3.01	develop and follow job schedule throughout the project to ensure orderly and timely progression											ly and	
A-3.01	organize tools and equipment usage to make sure the right tools and equipment are available when needed												
A-3.01	A-3.01.04 coordinate labour resources to ensure that the tasks are completed efficiently and deadlines are met											iently	
A-3.01	A-3.01.05 adapt to environmental conditions to minimize impact of project delays												
A-3.01	.06	reco	rd daily	events	for fut	ure refe	rence aı	nd sched	dule im	pacts			
Sub-ta	ask												
A-3.02	2	Org	Organizes materials and supplies.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
A-3.02	.01		mate ma oth ope			plies nee ct	eded to	preven	t cost ov	verruns	and to	enable	
A-3.02	.02		ct and o iiremen			nd equi ations	pment	for task	accord	ing to si	te		
A-3.02	.03		edule th cessful c			al and s	upplies	through	hout the	e projec	t to ena	ble	
A-3.02	.04		_		·	anized s ensure a	_		rials an	d suppl	lies to p	revent	

Task 4

Performs routine trade activities.

Context

Plumbers perform this work on a regular basis throughout the trade. A journeyperson should be able to design systems based on good engineering practices and applicable codes. This may require additional training and/or certification to accomplish these tasks.

Required Knowledge

K 1	layout of piping systems
K 2	types of supports, hangers and restraints, and their properties
K 3	types of material being supported
K 4	types of fasteners such as beam clamps, drop-in anchors, draw bolts and toggle bolts
K 5	requirements for sleeve installation
K 6	test procedures
K 7	pre-commissioning checks and procedures
K 8	commissioning of systems
K 9	water quality inspection reports
K 10	piping system being worked on
K 11	piping and plumbing equipment
K 12	frost protection equipment such as electric tracer, frost boxes and circulating pumps
K 13	ultraviolet (UV) protection
K 14	corrosion protection such as coatings and tape
K 15	physical damage protection such as protective plates, grommets and underground sleeving
K 16	types of fire stopping systems and their specifications
K 17	regulations, specifications and site requirements for excavation and backfilling
K 18	mathematical formulas needed to calculate pipe length and piping offsets

Sub-t	ask											
A-4.0	1	Peı	forms	piping	systen	n layou	ıt.					
NL	NS	PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT										NU
yes	yes	yes yes yes yes yes yes NV NV										
Key C	ompete	ncies										
A-4.01	A-4.01.01 lay out final position of fixtures, equipment, piping and components according to drawings, AHJ, specifications and site conditions											
A-4.01	.02		ct and u		-	luipmer	nt such a	as levels	s, builde	ers' leve	ls, tape	
A-4.01	.03	veri	fy non-	interfer	ence wi	th other	system	s and t	rades			
Sub-t	ask											
A-4.0	2	Calculates pipe length.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	encies										
A-4.02	2.01	sele	ct and u	ise tools	s such a	s tape n	neasure	s and d	rafting s	scales		
A-4.02	2.02		0			s and m e-to-end						
A-4.02	2.03	centre-to-centre and centre-to-end, to determine cut length of pipe calculate pipe expansion using appropriate co-efficient of expansion values and/or tables in the NPC										lues

Sub-t	ask												
A-4.03	3	Cal											
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	Competencies												
A-4.03	.01	select and use tools and equipment such as tape measures, calculators, squares and levels											
A-4.03	.02	identify measurements needed to determine the cut length of pipe based on conditions such as rise and run of pipes, spacing of pipes and required angles											
A-4.03	5.03	apply appropriate mathematical formula to calculate bending and rolling offsets											
A-4.03	5.04		O		0 1			ments s					
	centre-to-centre and centre-to-end, to determine cut length of pipe												
Sub-t	Sub-task												
A-4.04	4	Ins	talls pi	ping v	vith ad	equate	suppo	rt.					
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
A-4.04	.01		U			pe size, mage to		ts and m	naterial	to prov	ide ade	quate	
A-4.04	.02	sele	ct adeqı	ıate sup	ports f	or seism	ic restr	aint as 1	equirec	ł			
A-4.04	.03	spac	ce supp	orts and	l hange	r system	ns accor	ding to	the NP	C and s	pecifica	tions	
A-4.04	.04	asse	emble su	ipports	and ha	ngers ac	cording	g to spe	cificatio	ns			
A-4.04	.05		ch supp steel be		d hange	ers to str	uctural	membe	ers such	as conc	crete, w	ood	
A-4.04	.06		ct and u Is and cl			uipmer	it such a	as powo	ler-actu	ated too	ols, ham	nmer	
A-4.04	.07					s anchor ding of	_	guides a	ccordin	g to spe	cificatio	ons to	
A-4.04	.08	inst used		orts an	d hange	er syster	ns acco	rding to	size of	pipes a	nd mate	erials	

Sub-ta	ask														
A-4.05	5	Ins	talls sl	eeves.											
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>			
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV			
Key C	ompete	ncies													
A-4.05.01 lay out sleeves according to drawings to ensure proper placement															
A-4.05	.02	select sleeves according to specifications and pipe size to provide adequate space for insulation and fire stopping													
A-4.05	.03	fabricate sleeves from appropriate material such as pipe and sheet metal as required													
A-4.05	.04	select and use tools and equipment such as coring drills, tin snips, grinders and hole saws													
A-4.05	5.05 cut hole according to sleeve size by using methods such as coring, drilling and cutting														
A-4.05	.06	faste	en sleev	es to st	ructures	s such a	s metal	decking	g, formv	vork an	d block	wall			
A-4.05	A-4.05.07 protect sleeves during the concrete pour to prevent blockage and misalignment														
Sub-ta	ask														
A-4.06	5	Tes	Tests piping and plumbing systems.												
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>			
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV			
Key C	ompete	ncies													
A-4.06	.01	hyd	ermine t rostatic, iiremen	, pneun								site			
A-4.06	.02	sele plug	ct and u gs	se tools	s and eq	uipmer	nt such a	as comp	pressors	, gauges	s and te	st			
A-4.06	.03		safety j	precaut	ions suc	ch as ad	vising (other tra	ides, an	d erecti	ng barri	iers			
A-4.06	.04		ate pipii air ven	_			require	d for the	e test su	ıch as p	umps, v	alves			

A-4.06	5.05	detect leaks using methods and materials such as soap and water, gauges a chart recorders										es and	
A-4.06	5.06	pres	pressurize and depressurize plumbing system according to type of test										
A-4.06	5.07	reco	record test results upon completion										
Sub-t	ask												
A-4.0	7	Commissions systems.											
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	encies											
A-4.07	4.07.01 follow documentation such as manufacturers' instructions and engineering specifications								ring				
A-4.07	7.02		h, degre em to re								mission	ing	
A-4.07	.03	fill s	system t	o opera	nting lev	els and	pressur	re					
A-4.07	.04		chemic zing an				inhibito	ors for re	easons s	such as _]	prevent	ion of	
A-4.07	.05	star	t up sys	tem to	verify o	peration	n						
A-4.07	'.06		fy and a ure safe	,	-		h as sen	isors, flu	ıshome	ters and	l aquast	ats to	
A-4.07	.07	clea	n, flush	and sa	nitize p	otable w	vater sy	stems p	rior to o	occupan	cy		
A-4.07	.08		ord info		such as	s chemi	cals add	led, dat	e of con	nmissio	ning an	d	
A-4.07	7.09	-	vide doo edules a			is manu	als, as-t	ouilt dra	wings a	and mai	ntenan	æ	

Sub-t	ask												
A-4.08	8	Pro	tects p	iping	system	s, equi	pment	and str	ucture	from o	damage).	
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	E <u>NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU</u>										
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	encies	ncies										
A-4.08.01 make watertight penetrations through building er materials such as flashings and vent terminations									-	e with u	ise of		
A-4.08.02 install dielectric protection where dissimilar metals co								als com	e into co	ontact to)		
A-4.08	.03	inst	all heat	tracing	and ins	ulation	to prev	ent free	zing of	piping	contents	5	
A-4.08.04 install components such as spring hangers and isolators, flex connectors seismic restraints on piping and equipment to prevent damage from vibration or other movement								s and					
A-4.08	3.05		install expansion joints in piping systems to allow for thermal expansion and settling of structures									n and	
A-4.08.06 apply coatings and tape to protect piping from corrosion													
A-4.08.07 layout housekeeping pads for pumps and equipment													
A-4.08	3.08	inst	all shoc	k arrest	ors to p	rotect s	ystems	from w	ater har	nmer			
A-4.08	5.09	-	tect emb		-	nents as	require	ed accor	ding to	AHJ, sp	pecificat	ions	
A-4.08	3.10		all back ss-conne	_	eventio	n device	es to pro	otect po	table w	ater sys	tems fro	om	
Sub-t	ask												
A-4.09	9	Co	ordina	tes exc	avation	and b	ackfill	ing of	renche	es.			
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	encies											
A-4.09	.01	obta	obtain permits where required										
A-4.09	.02		lay out and mark excavation route										
A-4.09.03 coordinate with utility co						npanies	to loca		0			oid	
A-4.09	.04	dete	ermine e	excavati	ion requ	iiremen	ts such	as dept	h, grade	and be	edding		

A-4.09.05	schedule equipment such as backhoes, jackhammers and tampers to ensure equipment is available for excavation
A-4.09.06	verify that safety procedures are followed such as ensuring slope of trench walls, and use of shoring and cages or trench boxes
A-4.09.07	select backfill material according to AHJ, specifications and site conditions
A-4.09.08	supervise backfilling according to AHJ, specifications, site conditions and site requirements

Sub-ta		Ins	talls fi	re stop	ping sy	/stems.						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>OC</u>	<u>ON</u>	MB	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

A-4.10.01	identify locations where fire stopping systems are required to prevent potential spread of fire and smoke
A-4.10.02	select fire stopping system according to specifications and materials
A-4.10.03	select and use tools and equipment such as screw guns and hammer drills
A-4.10.04	anchor fire stopping collars to building structure with methods such as screwing, wrapping and pinning
A-4.10.05	apply approved fire stopping material to fill gaps and cavities around penetrations in walls and floors
A-4.10.06	secure fire stopping material to pipe following AHJ and specifications

BLOCK B

PIPING PREPARATION AND ASSEMBLY

Trends

Specialized systems are becoming more commonly used due to cost and material availability. Materials such as glues for tube and tubing, fittings for joining plastic pipe and fusion fittings are also becoming more widely used due to the same factors.

Changes in technology such as computer-aided design and manufacturing (CAD/CAM) have made the preparation of piping more efficient and cost-effective.

Copper systems are often being replaced by materials such as plastic.

Related Components

Tube, tubing, pipe, fittings.

Tools and **Equipment**

See Appendix A.

Task 5

Prepares pipe.

Context

Plumbers prepare tube, tubing and pipe for proper installation and trouble-free operation of the plumbing system. Preparation of tube, tubing and pipe may include inspection, cutting and bending. Tube is measured by nominal inside diameter (ID) and type, while some types of tubing are measured by outside diameter (OD) and wall thickness. Plumbers are responsible for the preparation of pipe for applications such as DWV, water distribution and other product conveyance such as chemicals.

K 1	types and sizes of tube such as K, L, M, and DWV
K 2	types and sizes of tubing for applications such as medical gas, air conditioning and refrigeration (ACR), gas (G) and general purpose (GP)
K 3	standard measuring procedures such as centre-to-centre, end-to-centre, and end-to-end
K 4	restrictions on bending of tube, tubing and pipe
K 5	common angles such as 90°, 45° and 22.5°
K 6	applications commonly requiring bending such as fixture finishing, instrumentation and oil lines

K 7		typ	es of ga	skets, fi	ttings a	nd lubr	icants u	sed for	tube, tu	bing an	d pipe		
K 8			ube, tubing and pipe compatibility with the intended use such as water, oi and gas (WOG)								er, oil		
K 9		met	thods of	prever	nting ele	ectrolysi	S						
K 10		the	rmal ex _l	pansion	and co	ntractio	n of tub	e, tubir	ng and p	oipe			
K 11		cod	code requirements for joint construction										
K 12		tub	e, tubin	g and p	ipe con	tents su	ch as w	ater, wa	aste, che	emicals	and fue	l	
K 13			schedules, weights and composition of different types of tube, tubing and pipe								nd		
K 14		typ	es of pip	e such	as plast	tic, copp	er and	steel					
K 15		typ	types and grades of fittings such as cast iron, malleable iron and forged steel								steel		
K 16	K 16 types and grades of fastening hardware such as studs, bolts and nuts												
Sub-ta	ask												
B-5.01	-	Ins	pects t	ube, tu	bing, p	oipe an	d fittin	igs bef	ore ins	tallatio	n.		
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
B-5.01.	01	perf	perform visual inspection to detect faults such as damage, cracks and debris										
B-5.01.	02	conf	confirm certification meets AHJ, specifications, site requirements and record approval markings as required										
D 5.01.	02		· · ·										

Sub-ta	ask												
B-5.02	2	Cu	ts tube	, tubin	g and 1	pipe.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>pe nb qc on mb sk ab bc nt yt nu</u>								<u>NU</u>		
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	ncies	acies										
B-5.02.	.01		select and use tools and equipment such as pipe and tubing cutters, chop saws and reciprocating saws										
B-5.02.	.02		select tube, tubing and pipe according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements										
B-5.02.	.03	mea	sure tul	be, tubi	ng and	pipe to	determi	ine leng	th and l	ocation	of cut		
B-5.02.	.04	use	cutting	guides	such as	wrapar	ounds t	to make	a squai	re cut			
B-5.02.	2.05 prepare tube, tubing and pipe ends using techniques such as reaming bevelling, filing and grinding as required								aming,				
B-5.02.	.06	inspect tube, tubing and pipe for damage after each cut using visual a audio techniques such as sounding cast iron pipe								sual and	d		
B-5.02.	.07	support and secure tube, tubing and pipe for cutting											
Sub-ta	ask												
B-5.03	3	Bei	nds tub	e, tubi	ing and	l pipe.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	encies											
B-5.03.	.01	sele	select and use tools and equipment such as lever and spring benders										
B-5.03.	.02		identify types of tube, tubing and pipe such as soft, semi-soft and hard temper according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements										
B-5.03.	.03		determine location and angle of required offsets or bends according to site requirements										
B-5.03.	.04	mea	measure and calculate distances between offsets and bends										
B-5.03.	.05	dete	ermine i	ncreme	nts on b	ending	tool to	achieve	require	ed angle	<u>.</u>		
B-5.03.	.06	insp ripp		e, tubin	g and p	ipe afte	r bendir	ng for d	istortion	ns such	as kinks	s and	

Task 6

Joins tube, tubing, pipe and fittings.

Context

Plumbers join tube, tubing and pipe to ensure trouble-free operation of systems. They use materials such as copper, plastic, steel, cast iron as well as specialized materials such as glass and stainless.

Copper pipe may be used for potable water systems, DWV and specialized systems.

Steel is one of the most widely used piping materials installed by plumbers in heating and process applications. Some examples of systems using steel pipe are fire standpipe, fuel piping and food processing.

Plastic pipe provides flexible installation and a cost-effective alternative to other types of pipe. Fibreglass pipe is also included in this task.

Cast iron has proven qualities that continue to make it a reliable material for drainage of sanitary and storm waste. Ductile cast iron pipe is widely used for water service and process piping.

Glass pipe is commonly used in laboratories, hospitals and chemical plants for corrosive waste. Small bore glass pipe is commonly used for such items as sight glasses.

K 1	types of joining materials such as rubber, lead and oakum, and cold caulking compounds
K 2	types of fluxes for joining pipe
K 3	joining methods such as brazing, soldering, welding, flaring, grooving, compression and crimping
K 4	certification required to weld steel pipe and to braze copper pipe
K 5	characteristics of solvent cements, primers and transition glues such as working time and set-up time
K 6	glass pipe coupling configurations such as bead-to-bead, and bead-to-plain end
K 7	types of pipe such as copper, plastic, steel, cast iron, glass, stainless, and their properties
K 8	AHJ requirements

Sub-task

B-6.01 Joins copper pipe.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	NV									

B-6.01.01	determine types of fittings and joining method based on AHJ, specifications and site conditions
B-6.01.02	select and use tools and equipment such as flaring tools, grooving tools and soldering equipment
B-6.01.03	set copper pipe in flaring or grooving tool
B-6.01.04	flare and swage pipe ends to ensure proper seal on fitting
B-6.01.05	groove pipe ends to proper depth, correcting imperfections on grooved ends
B-6.01.06	clean and lubricate mechanical joints to avoid pinching and to allow for proper tightening of clamp
B-6.01.07	tighten mechanical coupling to required rating
B-6.01.08	clean and flux pipe and fittings to prepare for soldering operations
B-6.01.09	position branch line on extracted tees prior to brazing, ensuring correct alignment of pipe in extracted tees
B-6.01.10	select soldering and brazing materials according to applications
B-6.01.11	purge pipe with nitrogen during brazing process to prevent oxidation of interior of pipe as required
B-6.01.12	solder assembly, ensuring adequate temperature to achieve required flow and capillary action of solder
B-6.01.13	clean pipe and fittings to prepare for brazing operations
B-6.01.14	braze assembly, ensuring adequate temperature to achieve required flow and penetration of brazing materials
B-6.01.15	use proper distribution of heat on larger diameter pipe for soldering and brazing
B-6.01.16	assemble and install compression or push-fit fittings according to required depth and to specifications

Sub-task

B-6.02 Joins plastic pipe.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	NV									

B-6.02.01	determine types of joints and fittings, method of joining and appropriate materials to be used according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements
B-6.02.02	select and use tools and equipment such as crimping tools, expanders and heat plates
B-6.02.03	select glues and primers according to specifications
B-6.02.04	solvent weld plastic pipe according to type of pipe and specifications
B-6.02.05	set plastic pipe in grooving tool
B-6.02.06	groove pipe ends to proper depth according to specifications
B-6.02.07	clean and lubricate mechanical joints as required to avoid pinching and to allow for proper tightening of clamp
B-6.02.08	tighten mechanical joints to required rating
B-6.02.09	perform plastic welding techniques such as fuse welding, socket fusion and butt fusion according to type of pipe and specifications
B-6.02.10	crimp or expand PEX pipe to create a joint according to specifications
B-6.02.11	prepare hub and spigot joints by applying lubricant on pipe and gasket, according to specifications
B-6.02.12	assemble hub and spigot joints for pressure water and drainage systems according to specifications
B-6.02.13	assemble and install compression or push-fit fittings according to required depth and to specifications

Sub-task													
B-6.03	}	Joi	Joins steel pipe.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
<i>y</i>	J	<i>y</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>J</i>	<i>J</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>J</i>				
Key Competencies													
B-6.03.01 determine types of fittings and joining method as specifications and site requirements								ccording	g to AH	J,			
B-6.03.02 select and use tools and equipment such as threaders, mechanical crimper and groovers									ers				
B-6.03.	03	support and align pipe and fittings for joining using techniques such as threading, using mechanical joints and crimping											
B-6.03.	03.04 thread steel pipe using lubricants as required, ensuring proper taper and length of threads										d		
B-6.03.05 set steel pipe in grooving tool													
B-6.03.	B-6.03.06 groove steel pipe ends to proper depth												
B-6.03.	07	clean and lubricate mechanical joints to avoid pinching and to ensure proper tightening of clamp									roper		
B-6.03.	08	tigh	ten med	hanical	l couplir	ng to red	quired r	ating					
B-6.03.	09	fabr	icate ga	skets fo	or flange	ed joints	3						
B-6.03.	10			_	sket and		ghtenin	g patter	n for fla	anged jo	oints		
B-6.03.	11			0	fittings AHJ, sp			O	-	-	houlder		
Sub-ta	ask												
B-6.04	Ŀ	Joi	ns cast	iron p	ipe.								
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
B-6.04.	01				fittings nts	and joi	ning me	ethod ba	ased on	AHJ, s _l	pecificat	tions	
B-6.04.02 select and use tools and equipment such as torce come-alongs, ratchets and sockets							as torqu	e wren	ches, nu	ıt driveı	`S,		

B-6.04.03	align pipe and fittings for joining
B-6.04.04	assemble pipe using joints such as MJ clamps, flanges, and hub and spigot with rubber inserts, oakum and cold caulking compound
B-6.04.05	identify locations where mechanical restraints are required
B-6.04.06	install mechanical restraints for cast and ductile iron pipe
B-6.04.07	tighten mechanical coupling to ensure even tension at required rating
B-6.04.08	use appropriate bolt tightening pattern for flanged joints

Sub-t	ask											
B-6.05	5	Joi	ns spec	cialized	l pipe.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	NV									

B-6.05.01	determine types of fittings and joining method based on AHJ, specifications and site requirements
B-6.05.02	identify and use tools and equipment required according to specifications
B-6.05.03	position pipe and fittings for joints such as mechanical and compression joints so they are correctly aligned
B-6.05.04	select and install system fittings according to AHJ and specifications
B-6.05.05	select and install transition fittings to different materials according to AHJ and specifications

BLOCK C

DRAINAGE, WASTE, VENTS AND SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEMS

Trends New technologies in waste water treatment systems are becoming more

prevalent due to environmental concerns.

Force main systems are becoming more common in applications such as

municipal and sub-divisions around bodies of water.

Related Components **Sewage systems:** cleanouts, manholes, catch basins, force main systems.

Components Storm systems: roof and area drains, sump pumps. (included, but not

Sanitary drainage and venting systems: interceptors, floor drains,

sewage pumps, air admittance devices.

Sewage treatment systems: treatment plants, pumps, septic tanks, absorption fields, pressurized distribution systems, biofilters, aerating

systems, liquid level alarms, filter beds.

Tools and Equipment

limited to)

See Appendix A.

Task 7 Installs sewers.

Context

Plumbers install both sanitary and storm sewers. They may be responsible for the sizing of the sewer as well as installing manholes, catch basins and piping.

K 1	hydraulic load expressed in number of litres and fixture units
K 2	AHJ requirements and specifications
K 3	manholes, cleanouts, change of direction and elevation
K 4	catch basin application
K 5	manhole and catch basin construction
K 6	soil conditions
K 7	types of piping such as plastic, concrete and cast iron

Sub-ta	ısk												
C-7.01		Siz	Sizes pipe for sewers.										
NL	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	AB	<u>BC</u>	NT	YT	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Vov. Co	ammata	nciac											
Key Co	mpete	licies											
C-7.01.	01	ider	identify fixtures or storm water load for building										
C-7.01.	.02 calculate total hydraulic load of building by referring to appropriate tables contained in the NPC									oles			
C-7.01.	03	refe	r to sew	er sizin	g tables	s in the I	NPC to	obtain s	size of s	ewer pi	pe		
0.1.	•												
Sub-ta	Sub-task												
C-7.02		Ins	talls m	anhole	es and o	catch b	asins.						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
no	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key Co	ompete	ncies											
C-7.02.	-		te and s	ize mai	nholes a	and cate	h basin	s accord	ing to d	Irawino	s AHI:	and	
C 7.02.	01		cification			iro care	ii busiii	o decord			,0,1111,		
C-7.02.	02		tools an stable	d equip	oment s	uch as l	evels ar	nd comp	oactors t	to ensur	e base i	s level	
C-7.02.	03	chai	nnel bot	tom of	manhol	e to dire	ect wast	te					
C-7.02.	04				-	gaskets amage o							
C-7.02.	05		•			h basins			•	aking a	ddition	al	
C-7.02.	06	-				ensure v		Ü	J				
C-7.02.		test	manhol	es and	catch ba	asins by	using r	nethods		-			
		and	and air testing to ensure watertight seal according to AHJ and specifications										

•		•
C-1-1	b-ta	
ווכי	I)=IA	> K

C-7.03	Inctalle	ninina	for sewers.
C-7.03	111514115	pripring	iui seweis.

1	<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>]	<u>NB</u>	QC (<u>NC</u>	MB	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
y	yes :	yes :	yes y	yes]	yes :	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

C-7.03.01	lay out piping according to drawings, AHJ, specifications and site requirements and conditions
C-7.03.02	select piping material according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements
C-7.03.03	select and install cleanouts according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements
C-7.03.04	identify benchmark to set grade for piping
C-7.03.05	compact soil using proper backfill material to ensure stable base and to prevent damage to piping according to AHJ and specifications
C-7.03.06	verify pipe grade using tools and equipment such as laser and builder's levels
C-7.03.07	verify no cross-connection is present between storm and sanitary sewers using methods such as dye tests and visual inspections

Task 8 Installs sewage treatment systems.

Context

Sewage treatment systems may encompass holding and septic tanks, absorption fields and sewage treatment plants. Regulations concerning the installation of sewage treatment systems may vary by jurisdiction. Secondary certification may be required in some jurisdictions to allow plumbers to plan and install these systems. Plumbers may be required to maintain and repair these systems and must have basic knowledge of how they are planned, installed and operated.

K 1	types of sewage treatment systems such as septic tanks, sewage treatment plants and absorption fields
K 2	sewage treatment system components such as tanks, absorption fields and pump chambers
K 3	AHJ requirements
K 4	soil conditions

K 5			limiting factors for location of sewage treatment systems such as undesirable soil conditions, location of property boundaries and water table elevation										
K 6		-	eration o mbers	of sewa	ge syste	ms sucł	as sept	tic, aera	tion, ho	lding aı	nd pum	ping	
K 7		gas	gaskets and sealants										
Sub-t	ask												
C-8.01	L	Plans installation of sewage treatment systems.											
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	encies											
C-8.01.01 determine type of system required by performing percolation tests and by identifying factors such as soil conditions and expected daily volume of sewage									-				
C-8.01.02 prepare and submit a site plan to AHJ in order to obtain permits													
C-8.01	C-8.01.03 select and size sewage treatment system components such as pumps, tanks and septic fields according to AHJ										nks		
C-8.01	.04	dete	ermine p	proper o	depth of	f piping	and co	mponer	nts acco	rding to	AHJ		
C-8.01	.05		firm tha em and	-	ıate bed	ding ma	aterial is	s preser	nt accord	ding to	type of		
Sub-t	ask												
C-8.02	2	Ins	talls se	wage	treatme	ent syst	em cor	npone	nts.				
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	encies											
C-8.02	.01			-		; and co	-	nts such	as pun	nps, filte	ers, tank	s and	
C-8.02	controls according to site plans and AHJ C-8.02.02 install and secure tanks according to AHJ, specifications and site conditions such as high water table and limiting layer										ions		

C-8.02.03	adjust elevation and position of piping and components according to site conditions
C-8.02.04	select, lubricate and place gaskets such as rubber O-rings and butyl rubber seals to ensure tanks and components are watertight

Task 9	Installs rough-in for interior drainage, waste and vent (DWV)
	systems.

Context

Plumbers install both underground and above-ground piping and components for DWV systems.

Underground systems are defined as piping systems in direct contact with the earth.

Embedded components are encased in concrete or other materials.

K 1	hydraulic load expressed in number of litres and fixture units
K 2	AHJ requirements
K 3	types of vents such as continuous, wet and dry
K 4	types of piping and fittings used in underground and above-ground applications
K 5	types of components such as interceptors, backwater valves and cleanouts
K 6	soil conditions
K 7	types of embedded components such as floor drains, roof drains, sleeves, sumps, sewage tanks and trap seal primers (TSP)
K 8	embedded component material such as plastic, copper and cast iron
K 9	finished elevation of components
K 10	pipe support devices such as hangers, riser clamps and attachment hardware

Sub-ta	ask												
C-9.01	9.01 Sizes pipe for interior drainage, waste and vent (DWV) systems.												
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU</u>										
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
C-9.01	.01	iden	itify fixt	ures or	storm v	water lo	ad						
C-9.01	.02		•		age syst ording t		associa	ited ven	t piping	g by calo	culating	total	
C-9.01.	.03	size to A		lrainag	e systen	n by cal	culating	g total h	ydrauli	c load a	ccordin	g	
Sub-ta	ask												
C-9.02	2			_	ound p			npone	nts for	interio	r drain	age,	
		was	ste and	vent (DWV)	system	ıs.						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
C-9.02	.01	lay o	out pipi	ng, stac	ks and	fixtures							
C-9.02	.02	use	tools an	d equip	oment s	uch as t	ampers	, jackha	mmers	and lev	els		
C-9.02.	.03	asse	assemble components according to specifications										
C-9.02.	.04	determine elevation of embedded components such as drains, sumps, TSPs and cleanouts in relation to finished floor						SPs					
C-9.02	.05	secure components using methods such as backfilling and fastening with clamps											
C-9.02	.06	insta	all and a	align co	mponei	nts as re	quired						
C-9.02	.07	veri	fy prop	er opera	ation of	compoi	nents						
C-9.02	.08	sele	ct mateı	rials acc	cording	to AHJ	and spe	ecificatio	ons				
C-9.02	.09			-	slope of e buildi		to dete	rmine a	dequate	depth	when		
C-9.02.	.10	exca	ıvate an	d comp	act tren	ich to pi	event s	ettling o	of pipin	g			
C-9.02	.11				_		-	excavate and compact trench to prevent settling of piping backfill trench once testing is complete using appropriate material and ensuring adequate protection of piping according to AHJ					

C-9.02.12	cover open ends of piping to protect them from debris
C-9.02.13	size and install sewage lift stations when fixtures are installed below sanitary grade

Sub-t	ask											
C-9.03	3	Installs piping and components for interior d (DWV) systems above-ground.					draina	age, wa	iste and	d vent		
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

C-9.03.01	lay out piping and components according to AHJ and specifications
C-9.03.02	use tools and equipment such as torches, tubing cutters and hacksaws
C-9.03.03	identify storm and sanitary drainage systems to avoid cross-connection
C-9.03.04	drill holes in building components to accommodate piping according to AHJ
C-9.03.05	ensure adequate slope of piping for drainage according to AHJ
C-9.03.06	label piping for identification purposes according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements

BLOCK D

WATER SERVICE AND DISTRIBUTION

Trends

There is an increased use of plastic piping and fitting materials, with a

corresponding decrease in the use of copper materials.

Due to changes in codes and jurisdictional regulations, the awareness

and importance of cross-connection control has increased.

Tempered water systems are becoming mandatory.

Related Components (included, but not limited to) **Pumps:** submersible, jet, deep-well jet, circulating, booster.

Piping: copper, plastic, ductile, stainless steel.

Tanks: pressure, hot water, storage.

Cross-connection control devices: double check valves, reduced pressure valves, atmospheric vacuum breakers, pressure vacuum

breakers.

Accessories: pressure switches, level switches, gauges, check valves, pressure relief valves, pressure reducing valves, tempered water valves.

Tools and **Equipment**

See Appendix A.

Task 10

Installs water services.

Context

By connecting piping from the municipal or private water supply to the water distribution system, plumbers make water available for use. The first step is to determine water demand in order to be able to size and install pipes and equipment.

K 1	AHJ requirements
K 2	types of fixtures
K 3	fixture units
K 4	supply water pressure at the source
K 5	water requirements for fire suppression systems and building or system demand
K 6	piping materials such as copper, plastic, ductile and stainless steel

K 7		,	joining methods such as flaring, brazing, welding, and using flanged, compression and mechanical joints (bell and spigot)									
K 8			types of water service equipment such as backflow prevention devices, water meters, flow restrictors and pressure reducing valves									
K 9		fros	st protec	ction m	ethods s	such as	recircul	ation, fi	ost box	and hea	at tracir	ıg
K 10		-	uiremer tem	nts for s	ystem s	izing su	ıch as le	ength of	pipes a	nd elev	ation of	:
Sub-t	ask											
D-10.0	01	Siz	es pipe	e for w	ater se	rvices.						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	ncies										
D-10.01.01 D-10.01.02		such dem dete	calculate required peak demand flow for water service considering factors such as fire suppression requirements for residential applications and system demand according to AHJ and specifications determine pipe size considering factors such as total number of fixture units,									
		developed length of pipe, most remote outlet, difference in elevation and available system pressure according to AHJ and specifications										
Sub-t	ask											
D-10.0	02	Ins	talls pi	ping f	or wate	er servi	ces.					
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	YT	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	ncies										
D-10.0	2.01		ct pipin J, specif	_		_			rice inst	allation	accordi	ng to
D-10.0	2.02		ct and u der's le		s and eq	uipmer	nt such a	as come	-alongs	, pry ba	rs and	
D-10.0	2.03	•	out loca					rvice ac	cording	to drav	vings,	
D-10.02.04 select and coordinate placement of bedding and backfilling material according to AHJ							erial					

D-10.02.05	align piping and fittings to facilitate joint assembly
D-10.02.06	install fittings according to AHJ and specifications
D-10.02.07	install restraints such as thrust blocks or mechanical restraints according to AHJ as required

Sub-t	ask											
D-10.	03	Ins	talls w	ater se	rvice e	quipm	ent.					
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>

yes

yes yes

NV

yes

NV

NV

yes

Key Competencies

yes

yes

yes

yes

yes

D-10.03.01	select and assemble components such as water meters, isolation valves and cross-connection control devices according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements
D-10.03.02	select and use tools and equipment such as ratchets, torches and wrenches
D-10.03.03	tighten bolts on flanges according to recommended bolt tightening pattern and torque ratings
D-10.03.04	connect selected equipment and components according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements

Installs potable water distribution systems.
Plumbers install potable water distribution systems by connecting the piping from the water service to equipment and fixtures. Plumbers must select the appropriate materials and properly size the system to deliver adequate water supply. By installing cross-connection devices, the water supply is protected from contamination.
E

K 1	AHJ requirements
K 2	types of fixtures
K 3	fixture units
K 4	supply water pressure at the main
K 5	minimum and maximum allowable water pressure

K 6	piping materials such as copper, plastic and stainless steel
K 7	types of piping configurations such as branch and home run
K 8	joining methods such as soldering, brazing, crimping, fusion welding, and using flanged, compression and mechanical joints
K 9	rough-in requirements for piping of equipment and fixtures
K 10	types of potable water distribution equipment such as hot water storage tanks and hot water recirculation systems
K 11	domestic hot water heating equipment such as boilers and heat exchangers
K 12	types of potable water distribution components such as pressure reducing valves and pressure relief valves
K 13	tempered water valves and equipment
K 14	requirements for isolation of equipment and fixtures
K 15	types of cross-connection control devices such as double-check valve assemblies, reduced pressure principle devices and atmospheric vacuum breakers
K 16	installation requirements such as height, location and accessibility
K 17	certification requirements for testing and confirming operation of cross-connection control devices

Sub-task													
D-11.01	Siz	es pipi	ng and	l equip	ıble wa	ter dis	tributi	on syst	ems.				
<u>NL</u> <u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT NV	YT NIV	<u>NU</u>		
yes yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV		
Key Competencies													
D-11.01.01	calculate required peak demand flow for potable water distribution system considering factors such as current and future demand												
D-11.01.02		fy size o		service	and ex	isting p	ressure	to dete	rmine ca	apacity	to		
D-11.01.03	select equipment such as pumps, pressure reducing valves, hot water tanks, tempering valves, cross-connection controls and pressure tanks according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements												
D-11.01.04	dev	determine pipe sizes considering factors such as total number of fixture units, developed length of pipe, most remote outlet, difference in elevation and available system pressure according to AHJ and specifications											

Sub-ta	ask													
D-11.0	02	Ins	Installs piping for potable water distribution systems.											
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>		
yes	yes	yes	yes yes yes yes yes yes NV NV NV											
Key C	Key Competencies													
D-11.0	.02.01 select piping materials according to AHJ, specifications and site requirement											ments		
D-11.0	2.02		select and use tools and equipment such as torches, crimping tools and cutters											
D-11.0	2.03	lay	lay out elevations and routing without compromising the structure											
D-11.0	2.04	drill	drill or cut adequately sized holes for piping at required elevations											
D-11.0	install piping components such as fittings, valves, shock arrestors and expansion joints according to AHJ and specifications													
D-11.0	D-11.02.06 label and stencil pipe for pipe identification according to AHJ, specifications										tions			
		and	site req	uireme	nts									
Sub-ta	Sub-task													
D-11.0	03	Ins	talls po	otable	water o	distribu	ation e	quipm	ent.					
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>		
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV		
Key C	ompete	ncies												
D-11.0	3.01		ct potab site req			oution e	equipme	ent acco	rding to	AHJ, s	pecifica	tions		
D-11.0	3.02		ct and u			_l uipmer	nt such a	as pipe	wrench	es, adju	stable			
D-11.0	3.03	requ		ts using		nt accore	_	-				's and		
D-11.0	3.04				-	valves s and pre		-	e and te	emperat	ure reli	ef,		

D-11.04 Installs cross-connection control devices.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	NV									

Key Competencies

D-11.04.01	determine level of hazard and select appropriate device for each hazard according to AHJ
D-11.04.02	determine location of device to ensure protection from frost, and to allow for accessibility for maintenance and testing according to AHJ
D-11.04.03	select and use tools and equipment such as wrenches and torches
D-11.04.04	connect cross-connection control devices to piping according to AHJ and specifications
D-11.04.05	test or arrange for testing of cross-connection control devices according to AHJ

Task 12 Installs pressure system

Context

Plumbers install water systems that maintain pressure within distribution systems. The pressure system installation requires sizing and installing piping, equipment and other components that reduce or increase pressure as required.

K 1	types of pumps such as submersible, and shallow and deep-well jet
K 2	components of pressure systems such as pressure switches and pressure tanks
K 3	system requirements such as pressure and demand
K 4	friction loss and head pressure
K 5	voltage and horsepower requirements
K 6	types of piping materials
K 7	grades of polyethylene pipe
K 8	types of well connections such as pitless adaptors, drive point (screened) and well seals

K 9		types of accessories such as torque arrestors, check valves, strainers, gauges, pressure and level switches, pressure tanks and pressure tank tees												
K 10		-	heat tracing systems and insulation requirements											
K 11		pip	piping installation procedures for different types of pressure systems											
K 12		water sources such as water service, wells, rivers and lakes												
K 13		req	required permits											
Sub-t	ask													
D-12.	01	Siz	Sizes pressure systems.											
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>		
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV		
Key C	ompete	encies												
D-12.0	1.01	calculate required peak system demand for pressure systems according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements												
D-12.0	1.02	calculate elevations and distances to determine sizes of components such as pressure tanks, pumps and piping												
D-12.0	1.03	dete	ermine v	water so	ource co	ndition	s such a	s draw	down, y	ield an	d depth			
D-12.0	D-12.01.04 determine pressure system equipment required such as pumps, tanks and controls													
Sub-t	aek													
D-12.		Inc	talls pi	ning f	Or nres	S1170 SX	rstoms							
D-12.	02	1113	italis pi	ping i	or pres	suic sy	stems.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>		
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV		
Key C	ompete	encies												
D-12.0	2.01		ermine r uiremen	1	d piping	g materi	als acco	ording to	o AHJ, s	specifica	itions ai	nd site		
D-12.0	2.02		ct and u	se tools	s and eq	_l uipmer	nt such a	as wren	ches, to	rches, n	ut drive	ers		
D-12.0	2.03	ider	ntify loc	ation w	here wa	ater serv	vice is re	equired						
D-12.0	2.04	connect piping to components such as pumps, tanks and valves												

Sub-t	ask											
D-12.	03	Ins	stalls ed	quipm	ent and	l comp	onents	for pre	essure	system	S.	
NII	NIC	DE	NIR	OC	ON	MR	CI/	ΛR	RC	NIT	VТ	NILI

INL	1113	<u>r c</u>	IND	<u>QC</u>	<u>UN</u>	IVID	<u>3N</u>	<u>AD</u>	<u>DC</u>	<u>IN 1</u>	<u>II</u>	NU
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

D-12.03.01	select and use tools and equipment such as wrenches, torches, cutters and nut drivers
D-12.03.02	determine equipment and components required for pressure system installation such as pressure tanks, booster pumps, pressure reducing valves and pressure relief valves
D-12.03.03	assemble equipment and components according to specifications
D-12.03.04	attach cables and pitless adapter to facilitate removal of submersible pump for service and repairs as required
D-12.03.05	coordinate power and control connections

BLOCK E

FIXTURES, APPLIANCES AND WATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS

Trends

There is a trend towards more automated fixtures in public buildings. Higher water demand and public awareness of water quality has resulted in an increase in the use of water treatment systems and the efficient use of water resources.

Related Components (included, but not limited to)

Fixtures: water closets, urinals, bidets, lavatories, drinking fountains, bathtubs, showers, laundry tubs, sinks, bedpan washers.

Appliances: dishwashers, clothes washers, ice makers, refrigerators, commercial kitchen equipment, potato peelers, garbage disposal units, sterilizers.

Water treatment equipment: softeners, filters, UV sterilizers, reverse osmosis (RO) systems, de-ionizers.

Tools and **Equipment**

See Appendix A.

Task 13

Installs plumbing fixtures and appliances.

Context

Plumbers install fixtures and appliances in a variety of buildings. Plumbers must take care in the installation of fixtures and appliances since this is the finishing stage of the plumbing installation process.

Plumbing fixtures are connected to the water and/or drainage and/or electrical systems; appliances are generally connected to the electrical system as well as the water and/or drainage systems.

K 1	types of fixtures such as drinking fountains, basins, water closets and urinals
K 2	types of supports such as carriers, blocking and wall hangers
K 3	mounting height
K 4	wall and floor material and construction
K 5	types of fasteners such as anchors, bolts and clamps
K 6	fixture materials and finishes

K 7	barrier-free requirements and regulations
K 8	types of residential plumbing appliances such as dishwashers, ice makers and clothes washers
K 9	types of commercial plumbing appliances such as dishwashers, garbage grinders, ice makers and potato peelers
K 10	types of institutional plumbing appliances such as sterilizers and hospital cart washers
K 11	appliance materials and finishes
K 12	limitations of materials

Sub-task

E-13.01 Installs fixture supports.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
ves	ves	ves	ves	ves	yes	ves	ves	ves	ves	NV	NV	NV

E-13.01.01	lay out fixture location according to drawings and specifications
E-13.01.02	mark location of required backing according to specifications
E-13.01.03	assemble fixture supports according to specifications
E-13.01.04	verify and install backing to ensure stability of fixture
E-13.01.05	use tools and equipment such as hammer drills and screw guns
E-13.01.06	mount supports to floor and walls using appropriate fasteners
E-13.01.07	level and plumb supports
E-13.01.08	set up multiple supports to ensure grade, spacing and alignment
E-13.01.09	coordinate installation of fixture supports with other trades

Sub-t	ask													
E-13.0)2	Ins	talls pl	ls plumbing fixtures.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>		
yes	yes								NV	NV				
Key C	ompete	encies												
E-13.02	2.01		fy that i tions ar	0			-	nbing co	onnectio	ns are i	n appro	priate		
E-13.02	2.02		ct fixtur specific		rim for s	specific	applica	tion acc	cording	to draw	rings, A	HJ		
E-13.02	2.03	use	tools ar	ıd equip	oment s	uch as s	trap, sp	oud and	basin v	vrenche	S			
E-13.02	2.04		iplete as allation	ssembly	and ad	justmer	nt of fix	ture sup	ports to	o ensure	e prope	ſ		
E-13.02	2.05	inst	all fixtu	re plum	nb and l	evel								
E-13.02	2.06	secu	secure fixture using approved materials and methods to provide stability											
E-13.02	2.07	con	connect water and drainage to ensure watertight installation											
E-13.02.08 verify fixture placement meets standards according to AHJ r clearances						HJ rega	rding							
		0100	rances											
E-13.02	2.09		fy prop	er opera	ation of	fixture								
E-13.02	2.09			er oper	ation of	fixture								
E-13.02 Sub-ta				er oper	ation of	fixture								
	ask	veri												
Sub-ta	ask 03	veri	fy prop	lumbir	ıg appl	iances.		ΛR	R.C.	NIT	VT	NII		
Sub-ta E-13.0	ask 03 <u>NS</u>	veri Ins	fy prop stalls pl	lumbir <u>QC</u>	ng appl <u>ON</u>	iances.	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u> NV	YT NV	<u>NU</u> NV		
Sub-ta	ask 03	veri	fy prop	lumbir	ıg appl	iances.		<u>AB</u> yes	BC yes	<u>NT</u> NV	YT NV	<u>NU</u> NV		
Sub-ta E-13.0 NL yes	ask 03 <u>NS</u>	Ins PE yes	fy prop stalls pl	lumbir <u>QC</u>	ng appl <u>ON</u>	iances.	<u>SK</u>							
Sub-ta E-13.0 NL yes	ask 03 NS yes compete	Ins PE yes encies veri	fy prop stalls pl	QC yes	ng appl ON yes	iances. MB yes	<u>SK</u> yes and plu	yes mbing o	yes	NV	NV in	NV		
Sub-ta E-13.0 NL yes Key C	ask 03 NS yes compete	Ins PE yes encies veri app spec	stalls ploss NB yes fy that ropriate	umbir OC yes rough-ine locations ance for	ong appl ON yes ons of su	iances. MB yes pports a match a	<u>SK</u> yes and plu	yes mbing o	yes connecti	NV ions are require	NV in ments a	NV		
Sub-ta E-13.0 NL yes Key C E-13.00	ask 03 NS yes 6 ompete 3.01	Ins PE yes veri app spec sele spec use	fy proposition of the propriete of the police of the propriete of the police of the propriete of the propriete of the police of the propriete	ough-ine locations	on one of such a specific	iances. MB yes pports a match a	SK yes and plu appliand	yes mbing c ce dime	yes connecti nsions, g to dra	NV ons are required wings a	in ments a	NV		
Sub-ta E-13.00 NL yes Key C E-13.00	ask 03 NS yes 00mpete 3.01 3.02	Ins PE yes veri app spec sele spec use wre	fy proposition of the propriete cification of the policification tools are	ough-inse locations ance for nse and equip	ons of such specific	iances. MB yes pports a match a c applic	SK yes and plu appliand ation ac	yes mbing o ce dime ccording	yes connectinsions, g to dra	NV lons are required wings a nd adju	in ments a	NV		

E-13.03.06	secure appliance using approved materials and methods to provide stability according to specifications
E-13.03.07	connect water and drainage to ensure watertight installation
E-13.03.08	verify appliance placement meets standards according to AHJ regarding clearances
E-13.03.09	verify proper operation of appliance

Task 14 Installs water treatment systems.

Context Water treatment systems are used in residential, commercial and

institutional buildings to improve the quality of water. Plumbers may be

responsible for sizing and installing these systems.

K 1	types of water treatment equipment such as water softeners, water filters, UV sterilizers, RO systems and de-ionizers
K 2	composition of subject water such as hardness, pH level and turbidity
K 3	contaminants
K 4	chemical water treatment
K 5	function of water treatment equipment
K 6	service/regeneration interval of equipment (time and volume)
K 7	cycles of water treatment equipment
K 8	water quality and testing requirements
K 9	limitations of materials

Sub-ta	ask													
E-14.0	1	Siz	Sizes water treatment equipment.											
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU											
yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV		
Kev C	ompete	ncies												
E-14.01	-		ect wate	r samn	le in an	approv	ed cont	ainer fro	om som	ce acco	rding to	АНІ		
E-14.01		seno	d sampl	e for tes	sting an		sis to as	ssess wa			O	1111,		
E-14.01	1.03		iin resul tment re		-	t data to	o detern	nine typ	oe of eq	uipmen	t for wa	ter		
E-14.0	1.04	calc	ulate wa	ater der	nand ac	cording	to spec	cificatio	ns					
E-14.0	1.05			•		0		s such a						
		spec	cificatio	ns, serv	ice rege	neratioi	n interv	als and	space c	onstrair	its			
Sub-ta	ask													
E-14.0	2	Ins	talls w	ater tre	eatmen	t equip	ment.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>		
yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV		
Key C	ompete	ncies												
E-14.02	E-14.02.01 verify that water treatment equipment matches determined demand and site requirements and conditions								d site					
E-14.02.02 determine location of installation according to specifications and serving requirements						l service	ò							
E-14.02	2.03		ermine i mum oj			ience ac	ccording	g to spe	cificatio	ns to en	sure			
E-14.02	2.04		select and use tools and equipment such as wrenches, tubing cutters and torches											
E-14.02	2.05	asse	mble w	ater tre	atment	equipm	ent acco	ording t	o AHJ a	and spec	cification	ns		
E-14.02	2.06	plur	nb and	level w	ater trea	atment e	equipm	ent						
E-14.02	2.07		ıre wate vide stal		nent equ	uipment	t using a	approve	ed mate	rials an	d metho	ods to		
E-14.02	2.08	coni	nect wa	ter and	drainag	ge to ens	sure wa	tertight	installa	tion				

E-14.02.09	verify proper operation of equipment
E-14.02.10	collect and send water sample for analysis to ensure equipment is operating
	properly

BLOCK F

LOW PRESSURE STEAM AND HYDRONIC HEATING AND COOLING SYSTEMS

Trends

The use of computer programming in hydronic system control has become increasingly important and highly specialized, requiring plumbers to pursue ongoing training. Heating generating equipment has become more efficient. The use of hydronic radiant heating systems has increased. Although traditionally installed as a heat source, solar thermal panels are also recognized for their value as a cooling source.

Related Components (included, but not limited to)

Hydronic heating and cooling systems: pipe, circulating pumps, flanges, unions, Y-strainer and sidestream filters, check valves, isolation valves, pressure and temperature relief valves, pressure reducing valves, circuit balancing valves, air scoops, automatic air vents, flow switches, gauges, pot feeders, expansion tanks, low-water cutoffs, expansion joints.

Hydronic heating and cooling generating equipment: boilers, heat pumps, heat exchangers, solar panels, chillers, cooling towers.

Controls: thermostats, supply sensors, pump sensors, outdoor temperature sensors, programmable logic controls (PLCs).

Transfer units: in-floor heating, radiant panels, heat exchangers, force flow units, unit heaters, convectors.

Tools and **Equipment**

See Appendix A.

Task 15

Installs low pressure steam systems.

Context

Low pressure steam systems are used for processes such as sterilization, humidification, heat exchange and direct heating. This task includes the sizing and installation of piping and components.

K 1	piping arrangements
K 2	fittings such as flanges and unions
K 3	pipe slope or grade

K 4	downstream and upstream pressures
K 5	types of valves and their appropriate ratings
K 6	component operation such as operating in direction of flow, regulating pressure and maintaining water quality
K 7	system media such as water and additives
K 8	types of boilers
К9	low pressure steam system components and controls such as low water cut offs, condensate return pumps, gauges, converter, flashtanks, steam traps and strainers
K 10	operation of steam traps
K 11	codes for boiler safety controls
K 12	insulation requirements for steam installations
K 13	dangers of steam and condensate
K 14	high and low pressure hydronic systems
K 15	limitations of materials

α		1
611	h_ta	$c \sim$
Du	b-ta	20

F-15.01 Sizes piping and components for low pressure steam systems.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	no	yes	no	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

F-15.01.01	identify load requirements according to system being used, drawings and specifications
F-15.01.02	select required steam generator for load
F-15.01.03	determine pipe size according to load and distribution requirements
F-15.01.04	select and position components such as traps, strainers, drip legs and valves
F-15.01.05	select and position expansion joints such as bellows, piston and loop

Sub-t	ask											
F-15.0	2	Installs piping and components for low pressure steam							steam s	ystems	5.	
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	no	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

F-15.02.01	fit piping, components and accessories required together according to drawings, AHJ and specifications
F-15.02.02	determine routing according to drawings, specifications, site conditions, and equipment and component location
F-15.02.03	use tools and equipment such as threading equipment, cutters and torches
F-15.02.04	assist in setting up welding equipment safely according to AHJ
F-15.02.05	install piping plumb, level, straight or graded
F-15.02.06	locate and install drip legs for trapping of condensate
F-15.02.07	determine required condensate pump and install it according to drawings and specifications
F-15.02.08	select, install and maintain steam traps to ensure optimum operation of steam system
F-15.02.09	install anchors, guides and expansion joints to control movement of pipe
F-15.02.10	label and stencil pipe for pipe identification
F-15.02.11	verify proper operation of system
F-15.02.12	record and transfer heat numbers

Task 16	Installs hydronic heating and cooling piping systems.
I ask Iv	instans nyurome nearing and cooming piping systems.

Context

While the temperature of the contents of these systems are different, the piping principles used in conventional hydronic, solar, geothermal/ground source heating and cooling installations are similar. High and low temperature systems use various or multiple heat sources, generators and exchangers. Cooling systems use methods such as heat exchangers, heat pumps, solar panels, cooling towers and chillers.

K 1	engineering specifications such as voltage, speed and rotation
K 2	high and low pressure/temperature hydronic systems

K 3			piping arrangements such as reverse-return, direct-return, primary-secondary and series loop									
K 4		typ	types of circulating pumps									
K 5		flar	flanges and unions									
K 6			_		ng meas ilowatts		t units s	such as	British [Гherma	l Units ((BTU),
K 7		pur	np size	and po	sition							
K 8		dov	vnstrea	m and ı	ıpstrear	m press	ures					
K 9				•	-		h as air 1 tanks a	-			gauges	, heat
K 10		typ	es of va	lves su	ch as ma	akeup v	vater, 3-	way, is	olation a	and zon	ie	
K 11			-	-	ion sucl ntaining	-	erating i uality	n direct	tion of f	low, reg	gulating	
K 12		sys	tem me	dia sucl	n as wat	ter, glyc	ol and a	additive	es			
K 13		typ	es of he	at gene	rators a	nd cool	ing equi	ipment				
K 14		cod	es for b	oiler sa	fety con	itrols						
K 15		insı	alation 1	require	ments fo	or hydro	onic ins	tallatior	ns			
K 16		dar	igers of	system	malfun	ction						
K 17	K 17 limitations of materials											
Sub-t	ask											
F-16.0	1	Siz	es pipi	ng and	l comp	onents	for hy	dronic	system	ıs.		
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	no	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	ncies										
F-16.0	1.01	perf	orm roo	om-by-ı	oom he	eat loss a	and gair	n calcul	ation if	require	d	
F-16.03	1.02		identify load requirements according to system being used, drawings and specifications									
F-16.01	1.03	woo	od, elect	rical, ge	eotherm	al, sola	te fuels or therma s of hea	al being	used ir	ndividu	•	_
F-16.01.04 select required heat generator and cooling equipment for load												

F-16.01.05

requirements

determine pipe type and size according to friction loss, load and distribution

F-16.01.06	determine pumps required according to drawings and specifications
F-16.01.07	calculate provision for expansion and apply to sizing expansion tank
F-16.01.08	select and position expansion joints such as piston, bellows and loop
F-16.01.09	select and position components and accessories such as strainers, and zone and isolation valves
F-16.01.10	calculate requirements for circuit balancing valves
F-16.01.11	ensure compatibility between multiple heating and cooling source systems

Sub-t	ask											
F-16.0	2	Installs piping for hydronic systems.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

F-16.02.01	determine routing according to drawings, specifications, site conditions and equipment location
F-16.02.02	use tools and equipment such as threading equipment, cutters and torches
F-16.02.03	install piping plumb, level, straight or graded
F-16.02.04	join materials such as copper, steel and stainless steel piping using methods such as threading, grooving and welding
F-16.02.05	join plastic piping using methods such as crimping, expansion, compression, and butt and socket fusion welding
F-16.02.06	install connections for draining and venting systems
F-16.02.07	install expansion loops and approved flexible connectors as required
F-16.02.08	label and stencil pipe for pipe identification
F-16.02.09	install flanges and union connection according to service requirements

Sub-task

F-16.03 Installs hydronic system components.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

F-16.03.01	use tools and equipment such as chain falls, wrenches and come-alongs
F-16.03.02	assemble and place components and accessories such as air scoops, flow switches, heat exchanger, pot feeders, expansion tanks and low-water cutoffs
F-16.03.03	assemble on or off site and install pipe and/or equipment supports and modular assemblies such as pump stations and manifold stations
F-16.03.04	establish optimum location for installation of diagnostic accessories such as thermometers, sensors and pressure gauges
F-16.03.05	connect components to hydronic system such as pumps and accessories according to specifications
F-16.03.06	verify proper spacing and operation of components
F-16.03.07	set up expansion tanks and charge if required
F-16.03.08	assemble and install proper support of pump such as brackets, stands and pads
F-16.03.08 F-16.03.09	
	pads
F-16.03.09	pads assemble, place and secure pumps plumb and level

Task 17 Installs hydronic heating and cooling generating systems and equipment.

Context Hydronic heating generating systems keep water at an elevated temperature

for purposes such as perimeter heating, fan-coils, in-floor heating and

domestic hot water.

Cooling generating systems are used to keep the water at a constant

temperature for air conditioning.

Required Knowledge

K 1	types of boilers such as low mass, high mass, electric, fuel, condensing and non-condensing
K 2	hydronic cooling generating equipment such as chillers, fluid coolers and cooling towers
K 3	AHJ requirements
K 4	heat pumps
K 5	required clearances for venting and access
K 6	fuel source
K 7	basic safety codes for heating and cooling generating devices

Sub-task

K 8

F-17.01 Installs hydronic heating generating systems.

limitations of materials

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

F-17.01.01	coordinate and set up installation of multiple heat source system
F-17.01.02	confirm heating generating system required according to drawings, AHJ and specifications
F-17.01.03	confirm location of equipment to be installed according to drawings, specifications and site conditions
F-17.01.04	create housekeeping pad for protection of equipment if required according to AHJ

F-17.01.05	use tools and equipment such as come-alongs, chain falls, forklifts and pallet jacks
F-17.01.06	level and secure equipment
F-17.01.07	install vibration isolation for generating equipment according to specifications
F-17.01.08	connect heating generating equipment to piping using methods such as threading, soldering and grooving
F-17.01.09	install connections for draining and venting systems to compensate for condensation

Sub-ta	ask												
F-17.0	2	Ins	Installs hydronic cooling generating systems.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT</u>							<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>		
yes	yes	yes yes no yes yes yes yes NV NV N							NV				
Key C	ompete	ncies											
F-17.02	2.01	confirm cooling generating system required according to drawings, AHJ and specifications							IJ and				
F-17.02	2.02	COO	coordinate and set up installation of multiple cooling systems										
F-17.02.03			confirm location of equipment to be installed according to drawings, specifications and site conditions										
F-17.02	2.04	create housekeeping pad for protection of equipment if required according AHJ					ing to						
F-17.02	2.05	use tools and equipment such as come-alongs, chain falls, forklifts and pal jacks					pallet						
F-17.02	2.06	leve	el and se	cure eq	uipmer	nt							
F-17.02	2.07	install vibration isolation for generating equipment according to specifications											
F-17.02	2.08		nect coo ading, s					piping 1	using m	ethods	such as		
F-17.02.09 threading, soldering and grooving install connections for draining and venting systems to compensate condensation					sate for								

Task 18

Installs hydronic system controls and transfer units.

Context

Hydronic system controls are used to monitor and control conditions such as water temperatures, pump speeds and outdoor air temperatures. They may be installed by plumbers and controlled from different areas, either on-site or in remote locations.

Transfer units are used to deliver or remove heat from a space via piping. Examples of transfer units are fan units, radiant panels, cast iron radiators and convectors. This is done to maintain a comfortable temperature.

Required Knowledge

K 1	hydronic system controls such as thermostats, supply sensors, pump sensors and outdoor temperature sensors
K 2	temperature settings such as boiler, slab, and supply and return
K 3	heating curves
K 4	types of hydronic transfer units such as radiant panels, heat exchangers, force flow units, unit heaters, in-floor heating and perimeter radiation
K 5	specified locations for transfer units
K 6	limitations of materials

Sub-task

F-18.01 Installs hydronic system controls.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

F-18.01.01	confirm system requirements for components and accessories to ensure optimum system operation
F-18.01.02	confirm the location of components and accessories
F-18.01.03	use tools and equipment such as wrenches, thermometers and multimeters
F-18.01.04	assemble and install components and accessories such as control modules, thermostats, supply sensors, pump sensors and outdoor temperature sensors
F-18.01.05	program, calibrate and adjust mechanical and electrical controls/modules and components to ensure desired set points

Sub-task

F-18.02 Installs hydronic transfer units.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	\underline{PE}	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV

F-18.02.01	confirm type and location of hydronic transfer units according to drawings, specifications and site conditions
F-18.02.02	use tools and equipment such as drills, levels and measuring tapes
F-18.02.03	level and secure hydronic transfer units
F-18.02.04	install vibration isolation on hydronic transfer units according to specifications
F-18.02.05	position and connect hydronic transfer unit to piping using methods such as threading, soldering and grooving

BLOCK G

SPECIALIZED SYSTEMS

Trends

Residential fire protection system installations are increasing.

Rain water recovery and grey water systems are becoming much more common place in both commercial and residential applications. Rain water recovery systems are used to supplement irrigation systems and fixture supply water, and to limit the impact of rain water on municipal systems. Grey water systems are generally used to supplement fixture supply water.

Green roofs and living walls are emerging trends in commercial, institutional and industrial buildings. They may be used to provide added R value, utilize rain fall and aid in humidification.

Related Components All components apply.

Tools and **Equipment**

See Appendix A.

Task 19

Installs piping and equipment for specialized systems.

Context

Natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) and petroleum products are specialized piping installations. Plumbers install the piping from point of supply to the appliance isolation valve.

Plumbers install specialized piping and related equipment to provide medical gases in institutions such as hospitals, dental offices and clinics.

Residential irrigation systems provide water to lawns, gardens and flowerbeds. Commercial applications may include high volume installations for large areas such as farms, municipal parks and other public green spaces.

Ground source loops are essential components of a ground source heat pump system (geothermal). De-superheaters are components of the heat pump, used to provide supplementation to the domestic hot water supply.

Solar thermal systems are used to transfer heat for potable water and space heating supplementation as well as pool heating. Industrial installations also apply and may include low and high temperature applications.

Drain pipe heat recovery systems reclaim otherwise lost heat content from drains such as shower, sink and lavatory drains.

Compressed air systems provide filtered and dry compressed air for a variety of purposes.

Non-potable water systems would include green initiative items like grey water reuse and rainwater harvesting applications for irrigation and firefighting purposes. Plumbers would install collection and distribution piping and equipment for these systems.

Additional certification may be required in some jurisdictions to allow plumbers to install the piping for these systems.

K 1	hazards and characteristics of fuels such as natural gas, LPG and petroleum products
K 2	AHJ requirements
K 3	sizing requirements for pipe
K 4	types of piping materials such as steel, plastic and copper
K 5	pressure testing requirements
K 6	gas service and meter location
K 7	types of fuel system equipment installed by plumbers
K 8	installation requirements and procedures for fuel system equipment
К 9	equipment limitations

K 10	types of components such as natural gas regulators, tanks and cylinders
K 11	equipment clearance and venting requirements
K 12	medical gas pipe characteristics and requirements such as grade of pipe, and degreasing and capping requirements
K 13	medical gas or medical vacuum systems
K 14	certification requirements to join medical gas piping
K 15	purging equipment, requirements and procedures for liquid and gaseous systems
K 16	brazing material requirements and characteristics
K 17	characteristics and operation of pneumatic pressurized systems
K 18	dangers associated with cross-connection
K 19	operations and controls of combination systems
K 20	types of equipment such as vacuum pumps, air compressors, bulk systems and reserve systems
K 21	accessories such as pressure reducing valves, pressure relief valves and dew-point sensors
K 22	Diameter Index Safety System (DISS)
K 23	types of irrigation systems
K 24	trenching and borehole requirements
K 25	types of irrigation equipment such as sprinkler heads, valve boxes, timers, pumps and solenoid valves and their applications
K 26	layout of irrigation systems
K 27	residential and commercial irrigation systems
K 28	winterization considerations such as slope, drainage points and purge points
K 29	identification of on-site piping to prevent hazardous conditions
K 30	types of pipe and their approval for specific applications
K 31	building penetration requirements
K 32	potential environmental impact of fluids and materials
K 33	solar equipment and components
K 34	geothermal system components
K 35	characteristics of mediums used for antifreeze
K 36	limitations of materials

Sub-ta	ask											
G-19.0)1	Ins	talls pi	iping f	or spec	ialized	l syster	ns.				
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
·	•	,	J	J	J	J	J	J	J			
Key C	Key Competencies											
G-19.0	1.01		confirm materials required to install piping according to drawings, AHJ and specifications									
G-19.0	1.02	confirm routing according to drawings, specifications, site conditions and equipment location										
G-19.0	1.03	-	lay out and assemble pipe according to drawings, AHJ, specifications and site conditions									
G-19.0	1.04		use tools and equipment such as threading equipment, cutters, torches and flaring tools									
G-19.0	1.05	plui	plumb and level or grade pipe as required									
G-19.0	1.06	install approved piping components such as dirt and drip pockets, swing joints and flexible connectors according to system type and AHJ										
Sub-ta	ask											
G-19.0)2	Ins	talls ed	quipm	ent for	special	lized sy	ystems	•			
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	encies										
G-19.0	2.01		firm ma wings, <i>A</i>		-	d to insta	all equi	pment a	nd com	ponent	s accord	ling to
G-19.0	2.02		firm loc ording to			llation s	sequenc	e of equ	iipment	and co	mponer	nts
G-19.0	2.03	use	Ü	ıd equip		uch as v	vrenche	es, chair	ı-falls, p	ressure	gauges	and
G-19.0	2.04	plac	e, level	and sec	-	iipment sprinkle		-				ps,
G-19.0	2.05					t and vi			-	•		
G-19.0	2.06	veri	fy type	of fluid	or gas	being u	sed and	supply	pressu	re		

G-19.0	G-19.02.07 connect piping to equipment and components using purging procedure if required											
G-19.0	2.08	-	identify and select proper outlet according to the DISS									
Sub-t	ask											
G-19.0	03	Ins	Installs piping and equipment for non-potable systems.									
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	encies										
G-19.0	3.01				•	d to inst HJ and s		-	pment a	and com	ıponent	zs.
G-19.0	3.02		according to drawings, AHJ and specifications confirm location and installation sequence of piping, equipment and									

Task 20

Installs fire protection systems. (NOT COMMON CORE)

Context

Fire protection systems help save lives and ensure minimal fire damage to structures. Jurisdictional regulations determine the scope of the work that plumbers can perform in installing fire protection systems.

K 1	applicable codes such as the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
K 2	rough-in requirements for piping
K 3	limitations of materials
K 4	wet and dry systems
K 5	types of piping materials such as steel, plastic and copper
K 6	pumps and their requirements
K 7	cross-connection/backflow preventers
K 8	components such as gauges, pressure switches, supervisory valves and flow alarm switches
K 9	flow-through systems
K 10	types of sprinklers such as concealed, sidewall, pendant and upright
K 11	AHJ requirements and specifications regarding pressurized piping and vessels
K 12	piping arrangements such as straight-line supply and loop
K 13	components of air systems such as air dryers, flex-connectors, auto drains, pressure regulators and filters
K 14	compressor operation
K 15	types of compressors such as reciprocating and scroll
K 16	safety devices such as relief valves and guards

Sub-t	ask											
G-20.	01	Ins	talls pi	ping f	or stan	dpipe s	system	s. (NO	T COM	IMON	CORE)
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
no	no	no	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	Key Competencies											
G-20.0	1.01		confirm materials required to install piping according to drawings, AHJ and specifications									
G-20.0	1.02		confirm routing according to drawings, specifications, site conditions and equipment location									
G-20.0	1.03		use tools and equipment such as PEX pipe expander, threading equipment, cutters, torches and grooving equipment									
G-20.0	1.04	inst	install sprinkler heads for intended application									
G-20.0	1.05	plui	plumb and level standpipe system									
G-20.0	1.06	identify pipe using methods such as painting and labelling according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements										
G-20.0	1.07	position and assemble pipe according to drawings, AHJ, operational requirements and specifications										
G-20.0	1.08	inst	all drair	ı valves	s as requ	uired						
Sub-t	ask											
G-20.	02	Ins	talls ed	quipm	ent for	standp	ipe sys	stems.	(NOT	COMM	ION C	ORE)
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
no	no	no	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	ncies										
G-20.0	2.01	com sup	firm typ ponents ervisory cification	s such a v valves	s fire p	umps, jo ckflow	ockey p	umps, s	iamese	connect	tions,	ΗJ,
G-20.0	2.02		tools an over	ıd equij	oment s	uch as c	cutters,	torches,	thread	ing equi	ipment	and
G-20.0	2.03	-	ce, level pumps		_	-	and co	mponer	nts such	as fire	hose cal	oinets,

G-20.0	2.04	connect standpipe system to pipe, equipment and accessories										
G-20.0	2.05	com	pensate	e for mo	vemen	t and vi	bration	of equi	pment i	f requir	ed	
Sub-t	ask											
G-20.	G-20.03 Installs fire protection systems for single family dwellings.											
		(N	(NOT COMMON CORE)									
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
no	no	no	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	ncies										
G-20.0	3.01	con	firm typ	e, locat	ion and	installa	ation sec	quence	of equip	ment		
G-20.0	3.02		confirm components such as supervisory valves and backflow preventers according to drawings, AHJ, specifications and site conditions									
G-20.0	3.03	use tools and equipment such as cutters, threading equipment and expansion tool										ansion
G-20.0	3.04	place, level and secure equipment and components										
G-20.0	3.05	connect system to pipe, equipment and accessories										
G-20.0	3.06	com	pensate	e for exp	pansion	and co	ntractio	n of sys	tem if r	equired		
Sub-t	ask											
G-20.0	04		talls fi titutio	-		,			-		ıl and	
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
no	no	no	no	no	yes	no	no	no	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	ncies										
G-20.0	4.01	com sup	firm typ ponent ervisory cification	s such a v valves	s fire p	umps, jo ckflow	ockey p	umps, s	siamese	connect	tions,	∃J,
G-20.0	4.02		firm ma		requirec	d to inst	all pipir	ng acco	rding to	drawir	ıgs, AH	J and
G-20.0	4.03		specifications confirm routing according to drawings, specifications, site conditions and equipment location									

G-20.04.04	use tools and equipment such as threading equipment, cutters, torches and grooving equipment
G-20.04.05	install sprinkler heads for intended application
G-20.04.06	plumb and grade system as required
G-20.04.07	identify pipe using methods such as painting and labelling according to AHJ
G-20.04.08	position, assemble and connect pipe and equipment according to drawings, AHJ, operational requirements and specifications
G-20.04.09	compensate for movement and vibration of equipment if required

Task 21 Installs process piping systems.

Context

Process piping allows for a wide variety of applications. These piping systems may convey materials or fluids for applications such as manufacturing or treatment processes. These systems are installed in locations ranging from small businesses to large factories.

K 1	piping materials such as copper, stainless steel, steel and plastic
K 2	joining methods such as soldering, flaring, welding, brazing and compression
K 3	rough-in requirements for piping
K 4	process piping system equipment such as boilers, heat exchangers, pumps and RO systems
K 5	types of process piping components such as pressure reducing valves, pressure relief valves and filters
K 6	minimum and maximum allowable pressures
K 7	AHJ requirements
K 8	system requirements such as isolation of equipment and cross-connection controls
K 9	limitations of materials

Sub-t	ask											
G-21.	01	Ins	talls pi	ping fo	or proc	ess pip	ing sy	stems.				
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	Key Competencies											
G-21.0	G-21.01.01 confirm the media to be conveyed through the pipe											
G-21.0	1.02	confirm installation practices required to maintain integrity of piping systems according to specifications										
G-21.0	1.03	confirm materials required to install piping according to drawings, AHJ and specifications										
G-21.0	1.04		confirm routing according to drawings, specifications, site conditions and equipment location									
G-21.0	1.05	use tools and equipment such as threading equipment, cutters, torches, grooving equipment and flaring tools										
G-21.0	1.06	position and assemble piping according to drawings, AHJ and specifications										
G-21.0	.01.07 plumb, level and grade pipe as required											
G-21.0	G-21.01.08 identify pipe using methods such as painting and labelling according to AHJ, specifications and site requirements										АНЈ,	
Sub-t	ask											
G-21.	02	Ins	talls pı	ocess 1	piping	system	equip	ment.				
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	ncies										
G-21.0	2.01	conf	firm the	media	to be co	nveyed	throug	h the sy	stem			
G-21.0	2.02		, ,					quence on si			nd acce	ssories
G-21.0	2.03	use	tools an	d equip	ment s	uch as v	vrenche	es, torch	es and t	hreadir	ng equip	oment
G-21.0	2.04	-					•	equipm fications		ording t	o drawi	ngs,

BLOCK H

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS

Trends

Today's technology provides plumbers with an increasing variety of challenges. There is an increase in customer awareness and expectations, with a corresponding rise in the use of service programs and extended warranties. This requires plumbers to constantly upgrade their skills and training to perform necessary repairs.

Interaction between plumbers and owners is increasing. As a result, apprentices and journeypersons need to develop the skills to not only explain the problems but also discuss the solutions.

While many materials are no longer installed, there continues to be a requirement to maintain and repair these materials.

Related Components All components apply.

Tools and **Equipment**

See Appendix A.

Task 22

Maintains systems and components.

Context

Plumbers monitor and maintain systems such as sewage treatment, hydronic, water treatment, potable and non-potable water, and heating/cooling systems.

Maintaining systems requires the plumber to recognize the necessity for scheduled maintenance and system monitoring.

Plumbers must be able to inspect systems, or modify an existing maintenance program. Plumbers also need the ability to return equipment to a working condition.

K 1	system design
K 2	system operational sequence
K 3	system components
K 4	preventative maintenance programs
K 5	AHJ requirements and specifications

K 6		-	specialized tools such as refractometers, multimeters, drain augers, cameras, test strips and kits									
K 7		pas	t systen	n perfoi	mance							
K 8		hist	toric pip	oing pra	ctices in	ncludin	g mater	ials, equ	uipment	and sy	stems	
Sub-t	ask											
H-22.0	01	Mo	nitors	system	n perfo	rmance	: .					
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	encies										
H-22.0	01.01	monitor fluid levels on hot water and steam equipment to avoid a low-water situation										
H-22.0	01.02	verify operation of components such as relief valves, sight glasses and controls to ensure that they will operate as required										
H-22.0	01.03 read gauges such as temperature and pressure gauges on an ongoing basis											
H-22.0	H-22.01.04 check pH levels on low pressure steam systems to ensure neutral levels											
H-22.0	01.05	check cross-connection control devices to ensure that correct device is installed according to AHJ										
H-22.0	01.06	reco	ord daily	y activit	ies in lo	g to do	cument	activiti	es for fu	iture rei	ference	
H-22.0	1.07	use	tools ar	ıd equip	oment s	uch as r	efracto	meters a	and pH	meters		
Sub-t	ask											
H-22.0	02	Per	forms	mainte	enance.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV
Key C	ompete	encies										
H-22.0	02.01	-	ect equ ermine 1	-		ditions :	such as	wear, n	oise, lea	aks and	corrosi	on to
H-22.0	02.02		-	-		ngs usi nents as	_		ch as gr	aphite,	grease a	and oil
H-22.0	02.03			_		nd strair uate flo		equired	to prol	ong the	life of t	he

H-22.02.04	adjust and tighten components such as flanges and packing glands on valves
H-22.02.05	check levels of fluids such as glycol, potassium permanganate and brine
H-22.02.06	check and adjust pressures as required to maintain system performance and to detect system problems
H-22.02.07	check fluid conditions such as pH levels, strength of glycol and quality of water
H-22.02.08	complete checklist to document status of current system and follow-up actions required
H-22.02.09	verify operation of temperature and pressure relief valves to ensure they will operate when required
H-22.02.10	test or arrange for testing of cross-connection control devices according to AHJ
H-22.02.11	perform scheduled maintenance of systems

Task 23

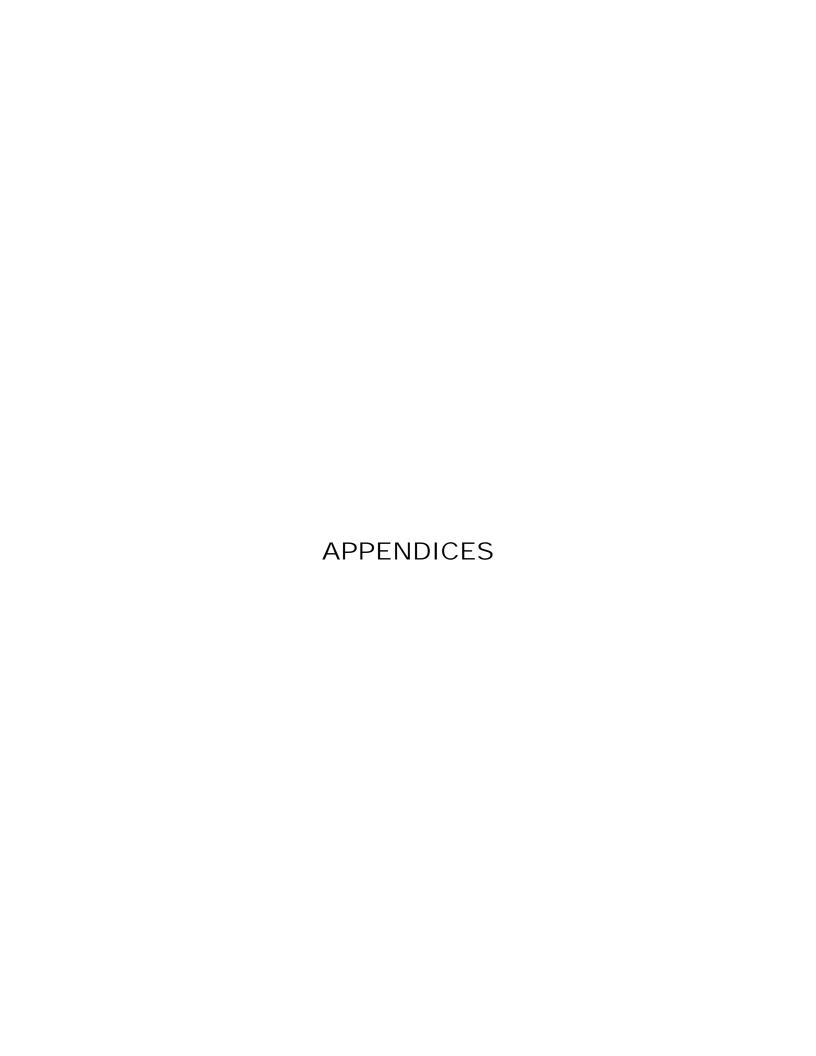
Troubleshoots systems and components.

Context

Plumbers must be able to diagnose, repair and replace defective components in order to maintain proper operation of the systems. They also need to return equipment to service.

K 1	system design and operational sequence
K 2	systems such as plumbing, medical gas, fuel and pressure
K 3	system components such as fixtures, appliances, piping, pumps and equipment
K 4	historic piping practices including materials, equipment and systems
K 5	types of pipes, related materials and equipment
K 6	related troubleshooting documentation such as specifications and installation guides

<u> </u>	1												
Sub-ta	ask												
H-23.0	01	Dia	agnose	s plum	bing-r	elated s	system	s and c	ompor	ents.			
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
H-23.0	1.01	dete	tools ar ect fault ssure sw	s such a	s zone	valve sh						to	
H-23.0	1.02	inte	rpret er	ıd user'	s inforn	nation to	o assist	in the d	iagnost	ic proce	SS		
H-23.0	1.03	1	form sei er leaks	,	1		-	0 .	, .	roblem	s such a	.S	
H-23.0	1.04	peri	form sys	stems cl	heck to	analyze	perform	nance					
H-23.0	1.05	che	ck and a	ıdjust p	ressure	s as requ	uired to	detect	system j	problen	ns		
H-23.0	1.06	che	ck levels	s of flui	ds such	as pota	ssium p	ermang	ganate a	nd brin	e		
H-23.01.06 check levels of fluids such as potassium permanganate and brine H-23.01.07 inspect equipment for conditions such as wear, noise, leaks and corrosion to determine repairs required													
Sub-ta	ask												
H-23.0	02	Re	pairs p	lumbii	ng-rela	ted sys	tems a	nd com	ponen	ts.			
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	NV	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
H-23.0	2.01		ermine v ors such		_		-	-		repair b	ased on		
H-23.0	2.02	dete	ermine 1	equired	d isolati	on of sy	stem						
H-23.0	2.03	noti	fy syste	m own	er of ne	ed to iso	olate an	d execu	te isolat	ion			
H-23.0	2.04	use	tools ar	ıd equij	oment r	equired	for rep	airs					
H-23.0	2.05	repl valv	lace com ⁄es	nponen	ts such a	as wateı	heater	elemen	ts, relie	f valves	and zo	ne	
H-23.0	2.06	repa	air comp	onents	such as	s piping	, toilets	, faucets	s and cir	rculator	S		
H-23.0	2.07	retu	ırn syste	em to se	ervice ar	nd verif	y correc	t syster	n opera	tion			
H-23.0	2.08		nplete re warran	-							0	ıdes	



APPENDIX A

TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

Hand Tools

adjustable wrench pliers (lineman, needle nose, water pump,

ball-peen hammer groove lock)
basin wrench plumb bob
bolt cutter pry bars
broom punch
caulking gun ratchet
chalk line reamer

chisel rubber mallet cistern pump (hand operated-diaphragm) scratch awl

claw hammer screwdrivers (complete set)

combination wrench shovel

diaphragm pump (hand operated) sledgehammer

drywall saw socket set (imperial and metric)

faucet seat wrench spud wrench file square

flashlight strap wrench
hacksaw striker
hand groover stud finder
hand saw stud punch
hand threader swage
hex keys (set) T square

hole saws tap and die sets knife tin snips (set) level torque wrench

locking pliers transfer pump (hand-operated)

pick tri square pipe wrenches utility brushes

wire brushes

Power Tools

air compressor and accessories drain cleaning equipment

band saw drill press
bench grinder drills
booster pump generator
chop saw heat gun
circular saw heat lamp
concrete cutter impact wrench
coring machines inspection cameras

cryogenic equipment mini grinder

die grinder portable band saw (hack saw)

Power Tools (continued)

powder-actuated tools steamer

power hole saw task lighting equipment

reciprocating saw transfer pump (electric and pneumatic)

rotary hammer

Hoisting, Rigging and Access Tools and Equipment

beam trolleys rope/cable
block and tackles scaffolding
boom truck scissor lifts

bridles shackles (varying sizes)

chain block hoist (endless chain) skid steer loader come-along and grip hoist slings and chokers crane snatch blocks dolly spreader bar fork lift stair cart

ladders telescopic forklift lifting eyes tuggers (power)

man/material lift (manual and power) winches

pallet jack wire rope or nylon (synthetic)

Personal Protective and Safety Equipment

air quality tester hard hat

arc flash protection hearing protection

barricades and caution tape kneepads

confined space equipment lock-out/tag out devices

eye wash kit reflective vests face shield respiratory mask fire blanket rubber boots (CSA) fire extinguisher safety boots (CSA)

fire resistant clothing safety glasses/goggles (CSA)

first aid kit safety harness, lanyard and life line (CSA)

gloves (industrial, rubber) tripod

ground fault circuit interrupter

Pipe Cutting and Joining Equipment

copper tube cutter pipe groover crimpers pipe reamer files (set) pipe roller flaring tools pipe stand fusion tools pipe threader gas cylinders, and soldering and brazing pipe vise

equipment plastic tube cutters (set)

gas powered cut-off power vise grooving machine propane torch hand-operated oiler ratchet cutter hot air gun (welder) snap cutter

hot tap equipment specialized assembly tools and equipment

hydraulic pipe cutter T-extracting tool mechanical crimper tube bender PEX crimper tube cutter

PEX pipe expander (manual and power) welding equipment

pipe cutter

Testing, Measuring and Communication Equipment

builder's level infrared thermometer calculator laser layout tools calliper manometer communication devices markers

computer measuring tape
crimp gauge micrometer
differential pressure gauge and sight tube multimeter
drafting equipment refractometer
electronic leak detector scale rule

gauges scanning equipment
GPS test strips and kits
groove depth tape thermal imager
hand pump and accessories (bicycle pump) thermometer
hydrostatic pump and gauge (manual and two way radios

power)

APPENDIX B

GLOSSARY

appliance piece of equipment which may require connection to a plumbing

system

Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) includes all applicable codes, jurisdictional regulations, National

IJ) Plumbing Code (NPC)

backflow preventer device that prevents backflow

backwater valve check valve designed for use in a gravity drainage system

branch (potable

water)

any pipe connecting to a potable water main and ending at another

branch, riser or fixture supply pipe

check valve valve that permits flow in only one direction

circuit balancing

valve

valve designed for flow regulation that can be set to design

parameters

cleanout access provided in drainage and venting systems to provide for

cleaning and inspection services

components parts of the system that are required for the operation of the piping

and equipment

controls component that adjusts, alters and regulates the operation of system

devices and equipment

cross-connection a connection between a potable water source to a non-potable water

source

developed length length along the centre line of the pipe and fitting

Diameter Index Safety System

(DISS)

index system used for medical gases which defines the properties of the access points (diameter and configuration) allowing only specific connection devices to connect to corresponding gas access point

dielectric protection a method isolating dissimilar metals to prevent electrolysis (ion

transfer)

dirt and drip pocket piping configuration to allow collection of dirt or condensation

drainage system assembly of pipes, fittings, fixtures, traps and appurtenances that is

used to convey sewage, clear-water waste or storm water to a public sewer or a private sewage disposal system, but does not include

subsoil drainage pipes

drive point (screened) tapered screened point at the end of a pipe used in a pressure system

that is driven into the ground and placed at the bottom of a shallow

well which acts as a casing and screens sand

embedded components

components of a plumbing system that are encased in concrete or

other materials

expansion tank device used to accept expansion of water in a closed system

fire stopping construction assembly that acts as a barrier against the spread of fire

and smoke

fixture receptacle, appliance, apparatus or other device that discharges

sewage or clear-water waste, includes a floor drain

fixture unit (drainage

systems)

unit of measure based on the rate of discharge, time of operation and frequency of use of a fixture that expresses the hydraulic load that is

imposed by that fixture on the drainage system

fixture unit (water distribution

systems)

unit of measure based on the rate of supply, time of operation and frequency of use of a fixture or outlet that expresses the hydraulic load that is imposed by that fixture or outlet on the water supply

system

flashing component made of rubber, sheet metal or lead used to seal around

exterior pipe penetrations

flex-connector device used to isolate vibration and allow for expansion and

movement of appliances, equipment and piping

head pressure pressure developed by an increase in elevation

heat tracing an electrical, hydronic or steam system that prevents the freezing of

piping

home run the run of pipe from the manifold to the water meter

hydronic system a heating or cooling system which uses various types of fuels to heat

or cool water which is then distributed through pipes to emitters

located in various locations

interceptor receptacle that is installed to prevent oil, grease, sand or other

materials from passing into a drainage system

offset a piping that connects the ends of two pipes that are parallel or

perpendicular

pipe includes all types of tube, tubing and pipe

pitless adaptor fitting that allows the connection and removal of a pump without the

use of tools or entering a confined space

plumbing system drainage system, a venting system and a water system or parts

thereof

potable safe for human consumption

purge, to to pass inert gas inside of pipe to prevent oxidation during brazing

operations

roof drain fitting or device that is installed in the roof to permit storm water to

discharge into a leader

rough-in placement of pipes in order to allow for final installation of fixtures

and equipment

sanitary sewer sewer that conducts sewage

sensory inspection inspection using one or more of the following: sight, taste, touch,

smell, auditory

sewage any liquid water other than clear-water waste or storm water

sleeve a component used to create a penetration through walls, floors and

ceilings prior to the installation of piping

sounding a method of detecting cracks in cast iron pipe and fitting

specifications includes manufacturers's specifications, ANSI, engineers'

requirements as well as all other applicable standards

storm sewer sewer that conveys storm water

swing joint piping arrangement to allow for movement of appliance without

putting strain on piping

tempered water valve a valve or a device that mixes hot and cold water to a predetermined

temperature

thrust blocks a formed concrete block used to prevent movement of a fitting at a

change of direction in a buried piping system

torque arrestor device installed on a pipe in a well casing which prevents the pipe

from spinning

trap fitting or device that is designed to hold a liquid seal that will prevent

the passage of gas but will not materially affect the flow of a liquid

tube measured by inside diameter (ID)

tubing measured by outside diameter (OD) and wall thickness

venting system assembly of pipes and fittings that connects a drainage system with

outside air for circulation of air and the protection of trap seals in the

drainage system

water distribution

system

assembly of pipes, fittings, valves and appurtenances that conveys water from the water service pipe or private water supply system to

water supply outlets, fixtures, appliances and devices

water heater device for heating water for plumbing services

water system private water supply system, a water service pipe, a water

distribution system or parts thereof

APPENDIX C

ACRONYMS

ACR air conditioning and refrigeration (tubing)

AHJ Authority Having Jurisdiction

BIM Building Information Modelling

BTU British Thermal Unit

CAD/CAM computer-aided design and manufacturing

CSA Canadian Standards Association

DISS Diameter Index Safety System

DWV drain, waste and vent

G gas (tubing)

GP general purpose (tubing)
GPS global positioning system

OH&S Occupational Health and Safety

ICI industrial, commercial and institutional

ID inside diameter

LEED Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design

LPG liquefied petroleum gas

MSDS Material Safety Data Sheets

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

NPC National Plumbing Code

OD outside diameter

PLC programmable logic control

PPE personal protective equipment

RO reverse osmosis

TDG transportation of dangerous goods

TSP trap seal primers

UV ultraviolet

VOC volatile organic compounds

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

WOG water, oil and gas

APPENDIX D

BLOCK AND TASK WEIGHTING

BLOCK A OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS

%	<u>NL</u> 10	<u>NS</u> 9	<u>PE</u> 10	<u>N</u>		<u>QC</u> 20	<u>ON</u> 5	<u>Ml</u> 14		<u>K</u> 5	<u>AB</u> 15	<u>BC</u> 10	<u>N'</u> NV	<u>(T</u> JV	<u>NU</u> NV	National Average 11%
	Task 1	1	Perf	orms	s saf	ety-r	elate	d fun	ction	s.						
		%	<u>NL</u> 25	<u>NS</u> 40	<u>PE</u> 25	<u>NB</u> 21	<u>QC</u> 25	<u>ON</u> 20	MB 28	<u>SK</u> 30	<u>AB</u> 30		NT NV			26%
	Task 2	2	Uses	s and	l ma	intai	ns to	ols ar	nd eq	uip	ment.					
		%	<u>NL</u> 25	<u>NS</u> 20	<u>PE</u> 30	<u>NB</u> 24	<u>QC</u> 15	<u>ON</u> 20	MB 28	<u>SK</u> 20	<u>AB</u> 20		NT NV			22%
	Task 3	3	Org	anize	es w	ork.										
		%	<u>NL</u> 25	<u>NS</u> 20	PE 25	<u>NB</u> 25	<u>QC</u> 35	<u>ON</u> 20	MB 16	<u>SK</u> 30	<u>AB</u> 25		NT NV			24%
	Task 4	4	Perf	orms	s rot	ıtine	trade	e activ	vities							
		%	<u>NL</u> 25	<u>NS</u> 20	<u>PE</u> 20	<u>NB</u> 30	<u>QC</u> 25	<u>ON</u> 40	MB 28	<u>SK</u> 20	<u>AB</u> 25		NT NV	 <u>NU</u> NV		28%

BLOCK B PIPING PREPARATION AND ASSEMBLY

														National
	<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	\underline{NT}	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	Average
%	15	13	15	13	16	11	14	10	15	10	NV	NV	NV	13%
														, ,

Task 5 Prepares pipe.

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU % 50 60 50 34 50 34 50 40 20 40 NV NV NV 43%

Task 6 Joins tube, tubing, pipe and fitting	Task 6	Joins tube,	tubing, pipe	and fittings.
---	--------	-------------	--------------	---------------

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU % 50 40 50 66 50 66 50 60 80 60 NV NV NV

57%

BLOCK C DRAINAGE, WASTE, VENTS AND SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEMS

	<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	National Average
%	20	20	30	20	16	30	14	30	20	19	NV	NV	NV	22%

Task 7 Installs sewers.

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU % 20 25 20 15 10 10 10 15 15 15 NV NV NV

Task 8 Installs sewage treatment systems.

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU
% 10 25 20 11 0 10 40 15 0 15 NV NV NV

Task 9 Installs rough-in for interior drainage, waste and vent (DWV) systems.

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU

70 50 60 74 90 80 50 70 85 70 NV NV NV

69%

BLOCK D WATER SERVICE AND DISTRIBUTION

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT	National NU Average NV 14%
-------------------------------------	----------------------------

Task 10 Installs water services.

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU
% 20 25 50 24 25 10 33 15 5 30 NV NV NV

Task 11 Installs potable water distribution systems.

<u>NL</u> <u>NS</u> <u>PE</u> <u>NB</u> <u>QC</u> <u>ON</u> <u>MB</u> <u>SK</u> <u>AB</u> <u>BC</u> <u>NT</u> <u>YT</u> <u>NU</u> % 60 50 30 52 55 75 33 70 75 50 NV NV NV Task 12 Installs pressure systems.

	NL	<u>NS</u>	\underline{PE}	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	\underline{YT}	<u>NU</u>	
%	20	25	20	24	20	15	34	15	20	20	NV	NV	NV	

21%

BLOCK E FIXTURES, APPLIANCES AND WATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS

														National
	<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	\underline{PE}	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	Average
%	10	12	10	16	4	11	14	10	15	10	NV	NV	NV	11%

Task 13 Installs plumbing fixtures and appliances.

Task 14 Installs water treatment systems.

BLOCK F LOW PRESSURE STEAM AND HYDRONIC HEATING AND COOLING SYSTEMS

														National
	<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	MB	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	Average
%	10	9	10	10	0	10	10	20	5	13	NV	NV	NV	10%

Task 15 Installs low pressure steam systems.

Task 16 Installs hydronic heating and cooling piping systems.

Task 17 Installs hydronic heating and cooling generating systems and equipment.

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU % 15 35 25 23 0 20 20 20 30 50 NV NV NV 26%

BLOCK G SPECIALIZED SYSTEMS

%	<u>NL</u> 10	<u>NS</u> 10	<u>PE</u> 5	<u>NB</u> 5	<u>QC</u> 16	<u>ON</u> 8	MB 8		<u>AB</u> 5		<u>NT</u> NV	YT NV	<u>NU</u> NV	National Average 8%
---	-----------------	-----------------	----------------	----------------	-----------------	----------------	---------	--	----------------	--	-----------------	----------	-----------------	---------------------------

Task 19 Installs piping and equipment for specialized systems.

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU % 60 50 50 37 30 40 55 60 60 60 NV NV NV

Task 20 Installs fire protection systems. (NOT COMMON CORE)

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU 0% 0 0 0 22 0 20 5 10 15 20 NV NV NV

Task 21 Installs process piping systems.

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU 45%

BLOCK H MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS

0/	<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>			NT NV	<u>YT</u> NV	<u>NU</u>	National Average
%	10	12	10	10	12	10	12	5	15	10	NV	INV	NV	11%

Task 22 Maintains systems and components.

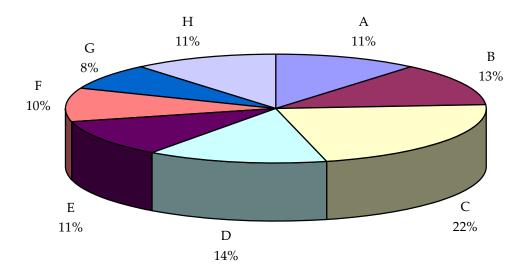
NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU

50 60 50 46 50 50 50 50 40 40 NV NV NV

49%

Task 23 Troubleshoots systems and components.

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU
% 50 40 50 54 50 50 50 50 60 60 NV NV NV



TITLES OF BLOCKS

BLOCK A	OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS	BLOCK E	FIXTURES, APPLIANCES AND WATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS
BLOCK B	PIPING PREPARATION AND ASSEMBLY	BLOCK F	LOW PRESSURE STEAM AND HYDRONIC HEATING AND COOLING SYSTEMS
BLOCK C	DRAINAGE, WASTE, VENTS AND SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEMS	BLOCK G	SPECIALIZED SYSTEMS
BLOCK D	WATER SERVICE AND DISTRIBUTION	BLOCK H	MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS

^{*}Average percentage of the total number of questions on an interprovincial examination, assigned to assess each block of the analysis, as derived from the collective input from workers within the occupation from all areas of Canada. Interprovincial examinations typically have from 100 to 150 multiple-choice questions.

APPENDIX F

TASK PROFILE CHART - Plumber

BLOCKS	TASKS		SUB-T	ΓASKS	
A - OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS	1. Performs safety-related functions.	1.01 Maintains safe work environment.	1.02 Uses personal protective equipment (PPE) and safety equipment.	1.03 Handles hazardous materials.	1.04 Performs lock-out and tag-out procedures.
	2. Uses and maintains tools and equipment.	2.01 Maintains tools and equipment.	2.02 Uses access equipment.	2.03 Uses rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment.	
	3. Organizes work.	3.01 Organizes project tasks and procedures.	3.02 Organizes materials and supplies.		
	4. Performs routine trade activities.	4.01 Performs piping system layout.	4.02 Calculates pipe length.	4.03 Calculates piping offsets.	4.04 Installs piping with adequate support.
		4.05 Installs sleeves.	4.06 Tests piping and plumbing systems.	4.07 Commissions systems.	4.08 Protects piping systems, equipment and structure from damage.
		4.09 Coordinates excavation and backfilling of trenches.	4.10 Installs fire stopping systems.		
B - PIPING PREPARATION AND ASSEMBLY	5. Prepares pipe.	5.01 Inspects tube, tubing, pipe and fittings before installation.	5.02 Cuts tube, tubing and pipe.	5.03 Bends tube, tubing and pipe.	
	6. Joins tube, tubing, pipe and fittings.	6.01 Joins copper pipe.	6.02 Joins plastic pipe.	6.03 Joins steel pipe.	6.04 Joins cast iron pipe.
		6.05 Joins specialized pipe.			

BLOCKS	TASKS		SUB-T	ΓASKS	
C - DRAINAGE, WASTE, VENTS AND SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEMS	7. Installs sewers.	7.01 Sizes pipe for sewers.	7.02 Installs manholes and catch basins.	7.03 Installs piping for sewers.	
	8. Installs sewage treatment systems.	8.01 Plans installation of sewage treatment systems.	8.02 Installs sewage treatment system components.		
	9. Installs rough-in for interior drainage, waste and vent (DWV) systems.	9.01 Sizes pipe for interior drainage, waste and vent (DWV) systems.	9.02 Installs underground piping and components for interior drainage, waste and vent (DWV) systems.	9.03 Installs piping and components for interior drainage, waste and vent (DWV) systems aboveground.	
D - WATER SERVICE AND DISTRIBUTION	10. Installs water services.	10.01 Sizes pipe for water services.	10.02 Installs piping for water services.	10.03 Installs water service equipment.	
	11. Installs potable water distribution systems.	11.01 Sizes piping and equipment for potable water distribution systems.	11.02 Installs piping for potable water distribution systems.	11.03 Installs potable water distribution equipment.	11.04 Installs cross- connection control devices.
	12. Installs pressure systems.	12.01 Sizes pressure systems.	12.02 Installs piping for pressure systems.	12.03 Installs equipment and components for pressure systems.	
E - FIXTURES, APPLIANCES AND WATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS	13. Installs plumbing fixtures and appliances.	13.01 Installs fixture supports.	13.02 Installs plumbing fixtures.	13.03 Installs plumbing appliances.	
	14. Installs water treatment systems.	14.01 Sizes water treatment equipment.	14.02 Installs water treatment equipment.		

BLOCKS	TASKS		SUB-7	TASKS	
F - LOW PRESSURE STEAM AND HYDRONIC HEATING AND COOLING SYSTEMS	15. Installs low pressure steam systems.	15.01 Sizes piping and components for low pressure steam systems.	15.02 Installs piping and components for low pressure steam systems.		
	16. Installs hydronic heating and cooling piping systems.	16.01 Sizes piping and components for hydronic systems.	16.02 Installs piping for hydronic systems.	16.03 Installs hydronic system components.	
	17. Installs hydronic heating and cooling generating systems and equipment.	17.01 Installs hydronic heating generating systems.	17.02 Installs hydronic cooling generating systems.		
	18. Installs hydronic system controls and transfer units.	18.01 Installs hydronic system controls.	18.02 Installs hydronic transfer units.		
G - SPECIALIZED SYSTEMS	19. Installs piping and equipment for specialized systems.	19.01 Installs piping for specialized systems.	19.02 Installs equipment for specialized systems.	19.03 Installs piping and equipment for non-potable systems.	
	20. Installs fire protection systems. (NOT COMMON CORE)	20.01 Installs piping for standpipe systems. (NOT COMMON CORE)	20.02 Installs equipment for standpipe systems. (NOT COMMON CORE)	20.03 Installs fire protection systems for single family dwellings. (NOT COMMON CORE)	20.04 Installs fire protection systems for industrial, commercial and institutional (ICI) buildings. (NOT COMMON CORE)
	21. Installs process piping systems.	21.01 Installs piping for process piping systems.	21.02 Installs process piping system equipment.		
H - MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS	22. Maintains systems and components.	22.01 Monitors system performance.	22.02 Performs maintenance.		
	23. Troubleshoots systems and components.	23.01 Diagnoses plumbing-related systems and components.	23.02 Repairs plumbing- related systems and components.		